

STATE OF MISSOURI
DIVISION OF PROFESSIONAL REGISTRATION

DIMENSIONS

BOARD FOR ARCHITECTS, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS,
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS & PROFESSIONAL
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS



SPRING/SUMMER 2018

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

By: Robert N. (Bob) Hartnett, PLA



I have had the privilege and the pleasure of serving on this Board since 2002, first as a member of the Landscape Architectural Division, and since 2015, as the Board Chair. My term as Board Chair could be over on February 10, 2019 when my term officially expires, or when the Governor appoints my replacement, whichever is later. I am clearly in the final stretch of my service to the Board, the licensees and the citizens of Missouri, and I was reminiscing about if or how things might have changed through the years.

This newsletter includes the Board's 2017 Year-End Report. Reviewing the 2017 report recently caused me to wonder if there were any significant trends in the data. I did a little digging and found a copy of the 2007 Year-End Board report. Here is a 10 year comparison of the two reports with some interesting tidbits of information hidden in the numbers and the trends.

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CHAIRMAN'S LETTER CONTINUED...

Total Licenses	2007	2017	% Change
Architects	4,547	5,146	13%
Professional Engineers	15,477	18,440	19%
Professional Land Surveyors	1,053	986	-6%
Professional Landscape Architects	287	402	40%
Total	21,364	24,974	17%

All of the professions regulated by the Board, except for professional land surveyors, have shown growth over this 10-year period, and the numbers may be more remarkable considering the depth of the economic downturn that occurred in the last ten years. While I don't have the numbers in front of me from the recession, I would speculate that there was little or no growth in licensee numbers during that downturn period, and that most of the growth has taken place in the last five years.

I also did a comparison regarding complaints over the same time frame, and there is some interesting information in that data as well.

Complaint Cases	2007	2017	% Change
Cases Pending at the Beginning of the Year	91	59	-35%
New Complaint Cases	96	57	-41%
Cases Closed	76	65	-14%

The majority of complaint cases fall in the following categories:

Type of Complaints	2007	2017	% Change
Unlicensed Practice by Individuals (all professions)	37	18	-51%
Unlicensed Practice by Corporations (all professions)	7	32	457%

continued next column

Fraud, Incompetency, Neglect, Misconduct or Dishonesty	38	19	-50%
Discipline in Another State	6	9	50%

The good news is that while licensee numbers are up, complaints cases are significantly down over the past 10 years with the exception of corporations practicing without a license. If your firm is incorporated or registered as a limited liability company and is offering and/or rendering architectural, engineering, land surveying, or landscape architectural services in this state, or if your articles of incorporation or articles of organization include the offering of such services in your purpose statement, the Board believes that you are required by law to obtain the appropriate Corporate Certificate of Authority from this Board. Your attention is directed to Section 327.401.2, which can be viewed at: <http://revisor.mo.gov/main/OneSection.aspx?section=327.401&bid=17523&hl=>

One last tidbit of information that should be near and dear to all of us is our biennial renewal fees. Here is that comparison:

Renewal Fees	2007*	2017	% Change
Individual Biennial Renewal Fee	\$100.00	\$35.00	-65%
Corporate Biennial Renewal Fee	\$200.00	\$50.00	-75%

*The 2007 fees had been recently reduced at that time.

So what is behind the good numbers getting better and the bad numbers going down? I would like to think that the Board's two strategic plans have something to do with it. The first strategic plan was adopted in 2010 and the second plan in 2016. Both strategic plans contained guidance for fiscal management and public outreach.

The Board strives to be fiscally responsible, and along with our wonderful staff we constantly look for both efficiencies and effectiveness in everything we do. Through various cost saving techniques, we are able to keep our renewal fees as the lowest in the

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER CONTINUED...

country. This newsletter is only one example. We used to print and mail over 20,000 copies of each edition at an approximate cost of \$76,000/year. The benefits of low renewal fees include allowing the opportunity for more people acquiring and maintaining their Missouri license which in turn keeps the renewal cost down for all of us.

Fewer complaints have given the Board more time at our quarterly meetings for outreach and education, so we are again meeting with our licensees face-to-face, and now meeting with local code and fire officials in an open house format discussing issues and topics of mutual benefit. Improved outreach by the Board and education of our licensees enhances understanding of the licensure law, rules and regulations by all practitioners possibly resulting in fewer complaints.

It amazes me how connected fees, complaints, and outreach may all be linked together.

The Board will be meeting in the Kansas City area on July 30 and 31, and in Springfield on November 8 and 9. We will again be hosting open houses for licensees and code officials at both meetings, so check your email for an electronic invitation from the Board. The Board Members welcome the opportunity to meet you and answer any questions you may have. You can also pick up a free CEU, PDH, or PDU.

Please feel free to contact me through the Board office if I can be of any service to you.

ARCHITECTURAL DIVISION LETTER

By: James C. (JC) Rearden, AIA, CSI, Division Chair



June 30, 2018, is the last day that NCARB's Architect Registration Examination (ARE) 4.0 will be available to candidates seeking their initial license. From that day forward, only ARE 5.0 will be available. NCARB has been providing more than 18 months of warning to both the candidates and their supervisors on this deadline, so no one that is affected should be surprised. Now that we are getting past this transition period, NCARB is turning its focus on the role of

the supervisor in the experience component (AXP) of the licensure process. There is a concern that some supervisors are simply signing off on the experience the candidate is claiming, without questioning either the accuracy of the time or the knowledge being claimed. As a member of NCARB's Experience Committee, I have heard from candidates first hand of their frustration with the lack of attention they get from their supervisors. It is interesting that, when asked,

most supervisors believe they are doing a great job. There is an obvious lack of communication and understanding on both sides.

I chose to serve on the Experience Committee because I heard from so many Missouri architects that they were concerned with changes NCARB made in recent years to decrease the hours needed to complete the AXP requirement. It was disturbing to learn that, given the opportunity to make a difference in the one part of the process where the everyday practicing architect has the ability to participate and make a difference, NCARB has been hearing that there are those among us that do not take their role seriously and are losing the respect of the candidates under their charge. NCARB is working on several options to help supervisors improve their part of the process. One is to publish a guide for supervisors setting forth the expectations along with suggestions of how to maximize the learning experience for the candidates. They are considering strengthening the Rules of Conduct to include the false certification by a supervisor of a licensure candidate's experience as an ethics violation. And they are working on a Bill of Rights for candidates,



ARCHITECTURAL DIVISION LETTER CONTINUED...

as well as supervisors, to bring the awareness of this issue to the forefront.

But why do we need to wait for NCARB to tell us how to act? Just learning of the candidate's concerns caused me to rethink my role in helping the licensure candidate I am currently supervising. Was I one of those 80% delusional supervisors who thought he was doing a great job, but the candidate felt otherwise? I went back through the AXP requirements to refresh my understanding of the objectives and then I met with the candidate to review what he had accomplished to date. In this case, he had worked for other firms and many of his hours had been signed off by others. We went

back through those hours to identify areas that he thought were deficient and we developed a plan to patch up the holes in his past experiences. We meet regularly now, every 3-4 weeks, to discuss what has been accomplished and the opportunities he will have in the next few weeks to work through the next steps to licensure. Until more guidance arrives from NCARB, it is my hope that awareness of this issue will make a difference now. I like to believe that most architects share a desire to have an impact in their profession and to leave behind a proud legacy. What better way to accomplish this goal than to take the time to invest in the people who will become our next generation of architects?

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING DIVISION LETTER

By: Kevin C. Skibiski, PE, SE, PLS, Division Chair



Later Stages of PE Licensure

Those of you who know me personally already know I retired last year from full time consulting engineering. The 41 years I worked day and night (if needed) to solve problems clients had on civil engineering, structural engineering and land surveying issues seems like a period of my life that flew by.

Becoming a Professional Engineer was the trigger for me to go into consulting engineering, rather than working in the DOE Uranium Enrichment Facility in Paducah, Kentucky my entire career. I was attracted by the variety and scope of problems I got to solve as a consulting engineer. My career led me to eventually obtain licensure in 41 states, not for the wallpaper, but because I was responsible for the design of engineering work in all of those states and several countries outside of the United States.

We are all familiar with the NCEES Model Law Engineer (MLE) method of becoming a licensed professional engineer. We graduate from an

EAB/ABET accredited university engineering program, take and pass the FE exam during our senior year in school or immediately thereafter, work four years under the direction of a PE doing progressively more difficult engineering work, and finally take and pass the PE exam. There are other paths to PE licensure which you can find explained in our Board Rules and Chapter 327, RSMo.

We generally work a very short time as an Engineer Intern after taking the FE exam, as our responsibilities grow and we gain experience. The goal is to become a Professional Engineer. You then settle into a rhythm of work, continuing education and professional activities which continue throughout your career. Most of us get married, have families and become involved in our community and church activities. Sometimes we expand the area where we practice engineering to include other states. Those other state PE licenses are most often obtained by comity or reciprocity.

If you are getting licensed in more than one or two additional states, I suggest you look towards NCEES for their records program. Most states will accept the information provided in the NCEES record and it saves a ton of paperwork. It also makes our job on the Board reviewing applications a little easier.



PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING DIVISION LETTER CONTINUED...

You blink, and your career as a PE has lasted 20, 30, or 40 years. You find it harder to get up early, and night meetings are for younger engineers with more energy. Technology is changing faster than you can load it on your laptop (excuse me, your notebook or phone). It may be time to slow down, possibly retire.

Your definition of retirement may be a little different from mine. I am a Professional Engineer and will always be a Professional Engineer. Retirement for me is doing what I want to do, when I want to do it, and with whom I want to work. However, one issue that came up was what should I do about licenses in 41 states? I do not intend to continue working in all of those states as I slow down, but what are the options?

You may just not renew a license, and you will be dropped, and your license will no longer exist. Some states offer a “retired” status and an “inactive” status. Generally, “Retired” status means you have no intention of doing engineering in that state again, and you can still use PE after your name. “Inactive” status means you do not expect to do engineering again in that state; but you reserve the right to become “active” should the need arise. Typically, you can continue to

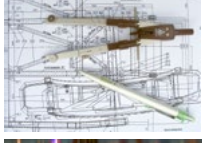
use PE after your name if you are “Inactive”. I should note that use of the initials PE vary from state to state, so you need to be sure of that state’s laws and rules. Also, the process of reactivating a license will vary from state to state.

Missouri only offers the “Inactive” status [Section 327.271, RSMo and 20 CSR 2030-11.030(3)]. You do not have to maintain your continuing education requirements as an Inactive PE, and you can use PE after your signature; but you may not seal any document as a PE. You always have the choice to keep your license active forever, as one dear friend of mine in Springfield kept his PE license active until his death at 100.

Missouri has not recently explored a “Retired” status, as there has been, to my knowledge, no push for such a designation. Let us know how you feel about this issue. How do you want to be known at the end of your career? Send comments to the Board office and they will forward them onto me; if I get around to reading my email. Remember, I’m retired.



DIMENSIONS



PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYING DIVISION LETTER

By: Michael C. Freeman, PLS, Division Chair



Spring is upon us and it's my favorite time of year...cool mornings and comfortable day time temps. The only drawback to this time of year is working around the rain.

It's been almost three years since we first addressed the issue of easement descriptions as an "exhibit." However, there is still some confusion as the subject came up again at our Land Surveyor's Open House during our Quarterly Board Meeting in January. Back in the Fall/Winter 2015 edition of Dimensions the Professional Land Surveying Division stated that in our opinion, a property (or easement) description when separate from a survey plat, is an "exhibit" for either a survey or another type of a recordable interest and should be in full compliance with the Title Block Rule, 20 CSR 2030-2.050. Simply providing a description and signature/seal is not sufficient.

Over the past year, the Professional Land Surveying Division of the Board has given the State Specific exam on a quarterly basis. So far, we have been able to handle the number of applicants for examination. The concerning thing we've noticed is that the number of applicants seems to be dwindling as we had only eight people for the January exam and thus far only eight have registered for Part I and six for Part II for the April exam.

One thing we noted over the past couple of testing cycles is that the pass rate has been improving. In April 2016 only four people took the Part I exam with just one passing. On the Part II portion there were five taking the exam and three passed. Moving forward to the January 2018 exam, eight took the Part I portion with six passing and for the Part II exam

there were seven takers with all seven passing. Hopefully this trend will continue as we see better qualified applicants. The only troubling thing for the January testing cycle was that of the six passing Part I, only one was an in-state applicant and five were comity applicants. Likewise, of the seven passing the Part II portion, six were comity applicants.

Over the past year or so you may have noticed that a number of disciplinary actions have been resolved by a Settlement Agreement. Basically, the Board is trying to resolve complaint issues through negotiation rather than through the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC). The primary factor driving this approach is the lengthy process of the judicial system. By communicating and negotiating with the licensee we have been able to resolve many of the issues that resulted in the complaint. For the Professional Land Surveying Division, a high percentage of the complaints we see result from the lack of sufficient information on the plat...primarily failure to identify or tie to controlling corners or other omissions on the drawing. In most cases the land surveyor has that information in the file but it isn't reflected on the plat. Most of these complaints do not justify disciplinary actions and we often can work with the licensee to correct the plat deficiencies thus saving hundreds if not thousands of dollars that would be required to file with the AHC and run through the judicial system. While some may see this approach as being "soft" on discipline, we prefer to "correct" rather than punish. While we try to work with the licensees as much as possible in resolving the complaints, we are not as lenient for multiple or persistent offenders who can expect to defend their position at the AHC.

Corporations and Limited Liability Companies must obtain a Certificate of Authority if they provide any of the four regulated professions' services (§327.401(2) RSMo). This requirement does not apply to partnerships. There are currently (March 2018) 108 Certificates of Authority to practice Professional Landscape Architecture in Missouri. It should also be noted that corporations and LLC's must have a managing agent for each of the professions being practiced. The managing agent's responsibilities include:

- 1) Renewal of the certificate of authority and notifying the Board of any changes in the firm;
- 2) Overall supervision of the professional and licensing activities of the firm and its employees;
- 3) Assurance that the firm institutes and adheres to policies that are in accordance with Chapter 327, RSMo, and 20 CSR 2030; and,
- 4) Assurance, in the case of multiple offices, that the requirements of immediate personal supervision, as defined by Board rule(s) 20 CSR 2030-13.010 and or 20 CSR 2030-13.020 are being met.

Disclaimer:

The articles in this newsletter are the work and opinion of the individual authors and do not necessarily reflect the official opinion or position of the Board.

The Board newsletter is published twice a year and since 2012 has been released in May and November. The newsletter is a valuable source of information for all licensees and contains updates on the statutes and rules that govern our professions. Since 2002, Professional Landscape Architects have been one of the four professions under the Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors and Professional Landscape Architects in Missouri were regulated by a title law that was administered by the Landscape Architectural Council. This regulatory body initially issued licenses in July of 1991.

Although PLA's have the smallest number of licensees of the four professions, I found it interesting to note the number of PLA licensees currently active in Missouri. As of the end of March 2018 there are 384 individuals who are actively licensed PLA's. In addition to individuals being required to have an active license in order to practice in Missouri,





PUBLIC MEMBER LETTER

By: Sherry L. Cooper, Public Member



“Artificial Barriers” To Licensure and “Over Regulation” of Occupations – What Is This Conversation About?

These topics have been around for decades, but have seen a recent resurgence in interest by the media and some legislators. Editorials have popped up in publications from the Wall Street Journal to the Economist to your hometown newspaper opining that “artificial or unnecessary barriers” to licensure and “over regulation” of occupations restrict the free market place and competition.

Proposals to deregulate a given occupation – when licensure might not be warranted – may have merit. Proposals to adopt systems such as reciprocity, comity, endorsement, mutual recognition agreements, multi-jurisdictional compacts, or other similar concepts intended to facilitate licensure across state and even international lines for a given occupation – when licensure is warranted – may also have merit.

Trades, Occupations, and Learned Professions

An increasingly mobile society, along with a drive to reduce the number of persons who must obtain a professional license, has spurred these proposals from two directions. First, from a desire to eliminate professional licensure for individuals practicing those trades or occupations where professional licensure is more restrictive than necessary for a state to protect the public and, as a consequence, reduces the number of persons who can seek employment in a field. For example, is mandatory professional licensure of flower arrangers in Louisiana really necessary to protect the public? Second, from a desire to facilitate or speed up licensure across state lines for those learned professions where licensure is a necessary public protection prerequisite. However, the renewed interest by the media

and legislators – erroneously in my opinion – is looking at licensure requirements primarily through an economic lens vs. one focused on public protection.

I maintain that no legislator – nor member of the public – wants to see professional licensure (the highest level of regulation for individuals practicing a profession a state can impose) required for trades or occupations if such regulation is not essential for public protection; making legislative review and possible repeal of those requirements appropriate. Conversely I also believe that no legislator – nor member of the public – wants to diminish the public protection role of professional licensure in the name of “free market place and competition” for the learned professions; where such regulation is irrefutably necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

Power of the States to License Learned Professions

“Learned professions” is defined here to include those occupations where formal, specialized education and training – in some professions requiring a graduate-level degree – is necessary for an individual to master the knowledge and professional judgement necessary to safely and effectively independently practice a profession in order that the public is not harmed. This is in contrast to those trades or occupations that can safely be performed by individuals following a short course, private certification, and/or on-the-job training where requiring professional licensure may indeed represent over regulation. While judicial interpretation has taken into account possibly conflicting provisions of the U.S. Constitution related to the scope of Federal authority in this area, it is generally recognized that the Tenth Amendment grants states the authority to license or otherwise regulate professions, “The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.”

Are There Any “Artificial Barriers” To Licensure For the Learned Professions?

Licensure requirements have been developed and refined for well over a Century for each of the learned professions. Candidates in



PUBLIC MEMBER LETTER CONTINUED...

the learned professions must generally meet four requirements; each geared toward public protection: 1) be of good moral character and of a minimum age; 2) graduate from an approved, accredited (or equivalent) educational program; 3) pass a psychometrically-valid examination or examination series; and 4) complete approved clinical or practical experience in those professions where clinical or practical experience is an essential component of the curriculum. So, no – in my opinion long-established minimum basic licensure requirements do not include any “artificial” barriers for the learned professions.

Facilitating Multijurisdictional Licensure of Learned Professionals
Any proposals to facilitate multistate or international licensure must assure that candidates utilizing these processes are carefully screened to ensure they have met minimum basic licensure requirements and have a history in all jurisdictions where they are or have ever been licensed showing safe, ethical, and competent independent practice. You cannot relax and/or waive requirements as part of an effort to speed up licensure without putting the public at risk for possible harm by some unqualified candidates. You can; however, develop systems to speed up the review of credentials to allow for quicker licensure of out-of-state candidates without relaxing or waiving any of the basic education, testing, or experience requirements and to allow for confirmation of a candidate's current and past discipline status in other jurisdictions.

For instance the National Council of Architectural Registration Boards (NCARB) and the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (NCEES) are working to provide programs each of their member boards can utilize to facilitate the review of out-of-state or international candidate credentials with the expectation

that candidates accepted into those NCARB and NCEES programs have had their education, training, testing, and licensure history thoroughly checked. APEPLSPA is working with NCARB and NCEES to ensure that candidates participating in these programs do in fact meet the licensure requirements put in place by the legislature to protect Missouri residents.

Proposed Legislation Must Not Conflate Trades or Occupations That May Not Require Professional Licensure With the Learned Professions That Do

Any proposal to remove or relax the core basic licensure requirements for the learned professions that have long been in place solely to protect the public must be rejected. The public assumes the state has systems in place to protect them from substandard or unethical practice by practitioners of certain professions. It is my opinion as the public member on the Board that we do a disservice to the vital public protection role of licensure by tacitly tolerating assertions that there are “artificial or unnecessary barriers” to licensure of the learned professions where none actually exist.

Modern State-Based Licensure For the Learned Professions Has Always Been About, and Must Stay Focused on, Public Protection
While it may be possible to develop processes to speed up application and credentials review, proposed amendments to entry-level or license mobility requirements for any of the learned professions cannot overtly or inadvertently diminish in any way the principal function of professional licensure – public protection. Public protection must continue to be the singular focus of professional licensure – as it has been since the modern licensure system began in the U.S. in the mid-1800s.



MOVING?

PLEASE NOTIFY THE BOARD OFFICE OF YOUR NEW ADDRESS

The rules and regulations require all licensees to notify the Board of all such changes by sending a letter, e-mail, or change of address form to the office in Jefferson City, Missouri. Please include a street address to facilitate any express mail deliveries.

You can either send the change via the following link:

<https://renew.pr.mo.gov/apelsla-coa.asp>; by email

moapeplspla@pr.mo.gov; or by U.S. Mail to:

Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers,
Professional Land Surveyors and
Professional Landscape Architects
3605 Missouri Boulevard,
Jefferson City, MO 65109



ARCHITECTS - HOW YOU CAN HELP SPREAD THE WORD?

We would like your help reminding candidates about the upcoming retirement of ARE® 4.0. We want to make sure everyone with active eligibilities in ARE® 4.0 is ready and in the best position possible for the change come July 1, 2018.

If you know anyone currently taking the ARE® 4.0, please have them contact NCARB (communications@ncarb.org) if they would like additional resources or if they have any questions.

NATIONAL COUNCILS

**National Council of Architectural
Registration Boards (NCARB)**

**National Council of Examiners for
Engineering and Surveying (NCEES)**

**Council of Landscape Architectural
Registration Boards (CLARB)**



COURT OF APPEALS RULES ON ARCHITECT CASE

By: Edwin Frownfelter, Litigation Counsel

The Missouri courts, and especially the appellate courts, do not rule very often on cases arising before the Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors, and Professional Landscape Architects. In June 2017, the Court of Appeals for the Western District of Missouri handed down a decision in the case of [Donald Dustin Curtis v. Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors, and Professional Landscape Architects](#). The case provides guidance on a number of issues, particularly the often complex question of whether a person licensed in one profession can perform work of another profession on an incidental practice basis.

In a prior order, the Board placed Curtis, an Arizona-based architect who is licensed in over 40 states, on probation due to the imposition of discipline in the state of Nevada. One of the terms of his probation required Curtis to submit copies of plans for projects he worked on in Missouri. Curtis submitted two sets of plans for fast food restaurant renovations on which he worked. The Board found issues with the plans and started a probation violation proceeding, which led to a hearing. After reviewing the plans in the hearing, the Board found that Curtis had violated multiple provisions of Chapter 327, RSMo, and the Board's regulations, and extended his probation.

Curtis filed a petition for review of the Board's decision with the Circuit Court for Cole County. The Circuit Court upheld the Board's decision, after which Curtis filed an appeal with the Court of Appeals.

The Court of Appeals reviews the Board's order under the provisions of the Missouri Administrative Procedures Act, found at [Sections 536.100](#) and following of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (RSMo). The Court does not determine whether it agrees with the Board's decision or would make the same decision itself on the evidence. It determines only whether there is enough evidence in the record that the Board could rationally reach the decision it did, or whether the Board's order is illegal under any of the provisions of [Section 536.140.2](#), RSMo. If the Court finds evidence on the record on which the Board could reach the result it did, the Court must uphold the decision.

The Board found that Curtis had engaged in professional engineering beyond what was incidental to the practice of architecture in one of the plans by sealing electrical and plumbing plans with his architect's seal. Curtis argued that this engineering was incidental to his practice of architecture, as he testified that the plumbing and electrical work was less than 10% of the project and that he had ample training in the field of engineering. The Court agreed that Curtis had the training and experience to perform some electrical and plumbing work. However, the Court noted that the professional engineers on the Board questioned Curtis at length in the probation violation hearing, and that they could reasonably conclude that his answers were not satisfactory to demonstrate that he had performed the work in question safely and competently. The Court insisted that the question of whether the work is beyond the incidental is within the jurisdiction of the Court to review, but that the evidence on the record was sufficient that the Board could conclude that the plans Curtis sealed involved engineering beyond the incidental.

The Court also found that the documents on another project contained a title block which did not comply with the requirements of 20 CSR 2030-2.050. The documents in question were sealed by an engineer affiliated with Curtis. Curtis argued that he was not responsible for the title block because he did not seal the document, but the Court noted that Curtis sealed other parts of the plans and bore overall responsibility for coordination of the project, so his failure to assure that the plan complied with the title block requirements supported the Board's determination of a violation.

Curtis contended that the Board's decision was illegal because some of the issues cited in the Board's order were not specifically alleged in the probation violation complaint. The Court determined that by alleging the projects in question contained violations of the law, and introducing the plans into evidence, the Board placed Curtis under notice of what conduct he needed to defend, and its finding of additional issues upon review of the evidence did not violate Curtis's right to due process.

COURT OF APPEALS RULES ON ARCHITECT CASE CONTINUED...

Finally, Curtis took issue with a provision of the Board's order that provided for tolling of the probationary period if Curtis did not practice in Missouri. Curtis argued that this clause exposed him to a potential period of probation longer than the five years authorized by statute. The Court held that unless the probationary period, including tolling, extends beyond the five years allowed, the challenge was premature, and that Curtis would have to seek administrative remedies if the probation extended beyond the five-year limit.

Since all four points raised by Curtis were denied, the Court of Appeals affirmed the Circuit Court's decision dismissing his Petition for Review.

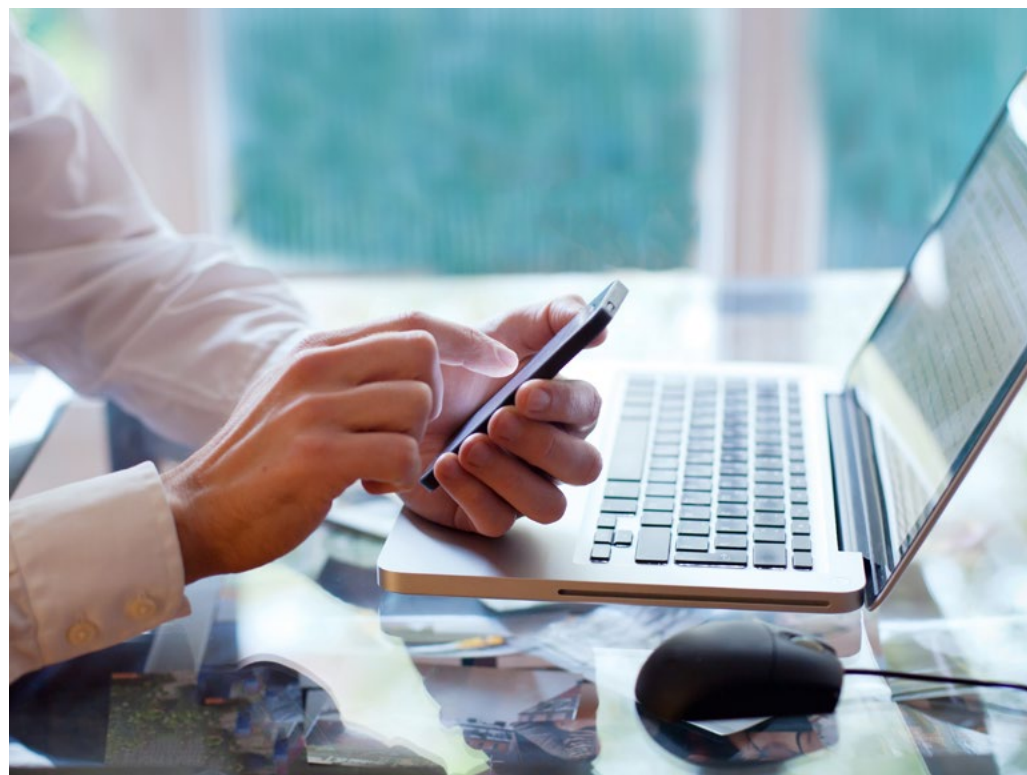
The case is reported at 534 S.W.3d 264 (2017). (Mo.App.2017)

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THE PERILS OF INTERSTATE PRACTICE

By Edwin Frownfelter, Litigation Counsel

In recent times, the practice of architecture, professional engineering, professional landscape architecture, and even to some extent professional land surveying have taken place on an interstate, or even a national basis. A majority of the professionals licensed by the Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors, and Professional Landscape Architects are based in states other than Missouri. Of the 5,430 architects licensed in Missouri, 2,165 (40%) are registered with Missouri addresses, and 3,265 (60%) are nonresidents. Of the 18,901 professional engineers licensed in Missouri, 7,932 (42%) are resident and 10,969 (58%) nonresident. 175 out of 426 professional landscape architects (41%) are resident; 251 (59%) are not. Only among professional land surveyors are residents in the majority; 723 (72%) resident, 276 (28%) nonresident. Many Missouri resident licensees are also registered in other states.

This cross-border practice frequently results in situations that come to the attention of the Board. Here are some of the traps licensees, both resident and nonresident, should keep in mind when engaging in interstate practice.

Individual licensure

The obvious first step a professional should take before undertaking work in another state is to make sure his or her personal license is current in that state. Licensees can check their current status with the Missouri Board at <https://renew.pr.mo.gov/apelsla-licensee-search.asp>.

Corporate licensure

Licensees who practice in connection with a corporation or company should take care to assure that the company has also complied with certificate of authority requirements in the state where the project is located. The Board has encountered several situations in which work is sealed by a licensee in good standing, but the documents prepared list contact information for a business entity which does not hold a certificate of authority. If the licensee is associated with an entity

that does not have a current certificate of authority in the appropriate profession for the work done, the licensee should either take steps to obtain a certificate of authority (generally a quick process if the entity has not engaged in unlicensed practice) or list his/her own contact information in the title block as a sole practitioner.

Reciprocal discipline

Section 327.441.2(8) of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (RSMo) provides the Board with authority to discipline the holder of any license or certificate of authority (including one whose license has expired or been surrendered) for "Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or a certificate of authority, or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state."

The Missouri courts have defined "disciplinary action" quite broadly. Any censure, reprimand, suspension, denial, revocation, probation, restriction, monetary penalty, payment of costs, or other limitation placed upon a professional license in another jurisdiction is considered disciplinary action which exposes the licensee to discipline of a Missouri license. Such a determination may be made by the licensing board or court of another state, or by other entities such as special Federal courts and administrative tribunals. The only requirements are that some restriction or finding of a violation of applicable law against the license takes place, and that the conduct for which the punishment is imposed must also be grounds for discipline under Missouri law.

The Board does not always take action on discipline in another jurisdiction. If the offense is a minor one, the Board often elects to let the matter pass with a cautionary letter that is not reported as discipline in Missouri. If the licensee has failed to report the discipline in his/her license renewal, however, the matter is more serious.

Licensees are required to report discipline in other states on their renewal application. Each renewal application contains a list of



THE PERILS OF INTERSTATE PRACTICE CONTINUED...

statements the licensee is required to read. One of those statements is that the licensee has not been “the subject of disciplinary action, or entered into any type of settlement agreement, providing for any limitation on your ability to practice, or monetary penalty or payment of costs in any other licensing jurisdiction that you have not previously disclosed to this Board.” If the licensee selects a box indicating the answer to this is “no,” in spite of having a disciplinary incident not previously reported to the Board, the licensee makes a misrepresentation for the purpose of securing a license or certificate of authority, which is a ground for discipline of the Missouri license under [Section 327.441.2\(3\)](#), RSMo. A licensee who fails to report an incident of discipline elsewhere may be subject to discipline in Missouri for both the underlying incident, on a reciprocal basis, and a separate violation for failure to report. Such cases almost always result in the imposition of a period of probation or more strict discipline.

A licensee generally cannot escape detection of an incident of discipline elsewhere by not reporting it. Nearly all the states report their disciplinary actions to national databases, and Board staff regularly reviews these databases in search of Missouri licensees, so unreported discipline probably will come to the Board’s attention. A licensee is far better off reporting an incident that the Board will not see as requiring reciprocal discipline than not reporting one it will.

Criminal matters

[Section 327.441.2\(2\)](#), RSMo, provides that the Board may impose discipline on any licensee who is:

“Finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated under this chapter, for any offense an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed.”

The statute does not limit its reach to felonies or misdemeanors.

The offense must reasonably relate to the licensee’s practice of a profession, or must involve fraud, dishonesty, violence, or moral turpitude. The courts have construed these requirements broadly. An offense need not be committed in the course of the licensee’s practice to be considered related to professional qualification. Almost all offenses involving elements of dishonesty or violence would be considered related to practice. On the other hand, offenses such as traffic violations generally would not, although the Missouri courts have found that serious vehicular crimes such as driving while intoxicated involve moral turpitude and can serve as a basis for discipline.

The statute also provides that discipline is warranted if the licensee pleads guilty, even if sentence is not imposed. A person who receives a disposition such as probation without verdict or a diversionary program would be well advised to report that incident as well, since such cases generally involve some sort of plea or acknowledgement of guilt.

As with discipline in other jurisdictions, licensees are required to report criminal convictions. The renewal application asks the question:

“Have you been charged or finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of this or any other state or of the United States whether or not sentence was imposed including suspended imposition of sentence, suspended execution of sentence and misdemeanor charges that you have not previously disclosed to this Board?”

A licensee who answers “no” to this question, knowing he or she has been charged or convicted or pleaded guilty to a criminal prosecution, commits a violation of [Section 327.441.2\(3\)](#), RSMo, for which discipline may be imposed separately from and in addition to any discipline based on the conviction itself. The Board makes these decisions on a case-by-case basis, so a licensee takes a significant risk by deciding for him or herself whether an offense must be reported. Again, the licensee is better off reporting an incident for which the Board may not impose discipline than not reporting one for which it will.



EXAMINATION DATES AND FILING DEADLINES

The **Fundamentals of Engineering** and the **Fundamentals of Surveying Examination** are offered at Pearson VUE testing centers in a Computer Based Testing (CBT) format. The examinations are offered year round. There are four testing windows which are the four quarters of the year. A candidate may not sit for the examination more than once per window and no more than three times in a twelve month period. Candidates for the FE or FS examination must register directly with NCEES at www.ncees.org. After successfully completing the FE or FS examination, examinees will need to complete an application for enrollment as an engineer intern or land surveyor-in training. Application forms can be obtained from the Board's website; <http://pr.mo.gov/apelsla.asp>.

With the exception of the chemical and nuclear disciplines, an application to take the Principles and Practice of Engineering Examination must be filed with and approved by the Board **prior** to registering with NCEES to take the examination. Application forms are available on the Board's website; <http://pr.mo.apelsla.asp>. After your application is approved by the Board, you will be provided with instructions to schedule with NCEES.

Principles and Practice of Engineering Examination Dates	Application Filing Deadline	Re-Examination/ Re-Scheduling Application Filing Deadline
October 26, 2018	June 1, 2018	August 15, 2018
April 5, 2019	December 1, 2018	February 15, 2019
October 25, 2019	June 1, 2019	August 15, 2019
April 17, 2020	December 1, 2019	February 15, 2020
October 23, 2020	June 1, 2020	August 15, 2020

An application to take the **Principles of Surveying Examination** must be received and approved by the Board **prior** to registering with NCEES to take the examination. Application forms are available on the Board's website; <http://pr.mo.gov/apelsla.asp>. The examination is offered year round and will be administered only at approved Pearson VUE testing centers. There are four testing windows which are the four quarters of the year. Candidates may take the examination only one time per testing window and no more than three times in a twelve month period.

After your application is approved by the Board, you will be provided with a form to schedule the **Missouri Specific Examination**.

Missouri Specific Examination Dates	Re-Examination/ Re-Scheduling Application Filing Deadline
July 18, 2018	July 1, 2018
October 17, 2018	October 1, 2018
January 16, 2019	January 1, 2019
April 17, 2019	April 1, 2019
July 17, 2019	July 1, 2019
October 16, 2019	October 1, 2019

A completed application for examination or re-examination/ re-scheduling must be received in the Board office no later than the filing deadline; NO EXCEPTION.

Please access www.ncees.org for additional examination dates and other useful information.

2018 Future L.A.R.E. Administration Dates & Deadlines



Registration will be open
May 7 - July 27
Cancellation deadline: July 27



Registration will be open
September 10 - November 30
Cancellation deadline: November 30

Future administration dates and
deadlines are subject to change.

SCHEDULE OF UPCOMING BOARD MEETINGS



**July
30-31**

Kansas City area



**Nov
8-9**

Springfield area



**Jan
28-29**

Jefferson City area



**April
25-26**

St. Louis area

Meeting locations may vary. For current information please view notices on our website at <http://pr.mo.gov/apelsla-meetings.asp> or call the Board office.

If you are planning on attending any of the meetings listed above, notification of special needs should be forwarded to the Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors, and Professional Landscape Architects, 3605 Missouri Boulevard, Jefferson City, MO 65109 or by calling 573-751-0047 to ensure available accommodations. The text telephone for the hearing impaired is 800-735-2966.

Note: Board Meeting Notices are posted on our website at
<http://pr.mo.gov/apelsla-meetings.asp>



2017 YEAR-END REPORT

NUMBER OF EXAMINATIONS ADMINISTERED

Architects Licensed by Examination	-	84
Professional Engineering Examinations (April 2017 and October 2017)	-	434 candidates
	-	268 passed
	-	166 failed
Principles and Practice of Professional Land Surveying Examinations (PS Exam went computer based beginning October 2016)	-	6 candidates
	-	3 passed
	-	3 failed
Missouri Specific Land Surveying	-	53 candidates (Part I)
	-	46 candidates (Part II)
	-	24 passed (Part I)
	-	22 passed (Part II)
	-	29 failed (Part I)
	-	24 failed (Part II)
Professional Landscape Architects Licensed by Examination	-	9

NUMBER OF LICENSES GRANTED BY COMITY:

Architectural	65
Professional Engineering	577
Professional Land Surveying	13
Professional Landscape Architects	22

NUMBER OF CORPORATE CERTIFICATES OF AUTHORITY ISSUED:

Architectural	62
Engineering	164
Land Surveying	14
Landscape Architectural	9

TOTAL NUMBER OF LICENSEES: *28,1390

Architects	4,807
Professional Engineers	16,538
Professional Land Surveyors	860
Professional Landscape Architects	370
<i>Total Individual Licensees with Active Status</i>	<u>22,575</u>

Architects with Inactive Status	339
Professional Engineers with Inactive Status	1,902
Professional Land Surveyors with Inactive Status	126
Professional Landscape Architects with Inactive Status	32
<i>Total Individual Licensees with Inactive Status</i>	<u>2,399</u>

Architectural Corporations	978
Professional Engineering Corporations	2,034
Professional Land Surveying Corporations	301
Professional Landscape Architectural Corporations	103
<i>Total Corporate Licenses</i>	<u>3,416</u>

* Includes active and inactive for individuals and corporations.

TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERNS/LSITS: 31,156

Engineer Interns Enrolled	30,669
Land Surveyors-in-Training Enrolled	487

STATISTICS FOR 2017

Total Number of Complaint Cases Pending at the beginning of 2017:	59
Total Number of Discipline Cases Pending at the beginning of 2017:	17
Total Number of new Complaint Cases Filed in 2017:	57
Total Number of Cases Closed in 2017:	65



BREAKDOWN OF ALLEGATIONS FOR ALL NEW COMPLAINTS

FILED IN 2017 (Note: each NEW complaint may have multiple allegations.)

Unlicensed practice of architecture (individual)	6
Unlicensed practice of engineering (individual)	8
Unlicensed practice of land surveying (individual)	2
Unlicensed practice of landscape architecture (individual)	2
Unlicensed practice of architecture (corporation)	9
Unlicensed practice of engineering (corporation)	13
Unlicensed practice of land surveying (corporation)	4
Unlicensed practice of landscape architecture (corporation)	6
Incompetency, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty	19
Violation of Professional Trust or Confidence	5
Practiced with a Suspended License	1
Misuse of Licensee's Seal and Signature	2
Aiding and Abetting Unlicensed Practice	1
Impersonation of any Person Holding a License	1
Violation of, or Assisting or Enabling	1
Disciplined in Another State	9
Code of Professional Conduct Violation	9
Minimum Standards Violation	4
Immediate Personal Supervision Violation	2
Title Block Rule Violation	4
Plan Stamping	1
Use of Fraud, Deception, Misrepresentation in Securing a License	6
Failure to Report Out of State Discipline on a Renewal	5
Political Subdivisions Not Using Licensed Design Professionals	3
Criminal Prosecution	1
Felony Conviction	2

BREAKDOWN OF DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS IMPOSED IN 2017

Revocation	2
Probation	8
Civil Penalty	2
Probated Corporate Certificate of Authority Issued & Civil Penalty	7

BREAKDOWN OF CASES CLOSED IN 2017

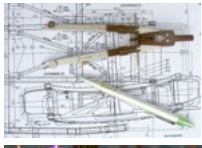
Corrective Measures Were Taken	7
Warning Letter	6
Written Assurances Received	16
Civil Litigation Settled	1
Letter of Concern	2
No Evidence of a Violation	12
Paid Civil Penalty	2
Paid Civil Penalty & Completed Probation (Certificates of Authority)	7
Not Within the Jurisdiction of the Board	2
No Further Action	3
Satisfactory Completion of Probation	6
Voluntary Surrender	1
Revocation	2

STATISTICS ON HOUSE BILL 600 CASES

Total Number of Licensees Suspended at the Beginning of 2017:	12
Total Number of Licensees Suspended in 2017:	7
Number of Licensees Who Came into Compliance in 2017:	3

UNLICENSED PRACTICE:

As you can see in 2017, the Board had 18 complaints filed against individuals and 32 complaints filed against corporations which were charged with practicing architecture, professional engineering, professional land surveying and/or professional landscape architecture without being properly licensed. If an individual or corporation refuses to voluntarily cease and desist all illegal activities and to conduct all future activities in compliance with Chapter 327, RSMo, then the Board can request the Board's Litigation Counsel or the Attorney General's Office to file suit in the appropriate circuit court seeking an injunction to restrain that individual or corporation from practicing architecture, professional engineering, professional land surveying and/or professional landscape architecture without a license. Another option the Board has is to refer the matter to the Board's Litigation Counsel to seek authority to assess a civil penalty. A civil penalty imposed under Section 327.077, RSMo, can be as high as \$5,000 for each offense. However, each day of a continued violation constitutes a separate offense, with a maximum penalty of \$25,000. The Board assessed \$9,500 in civil penalties in 2017.

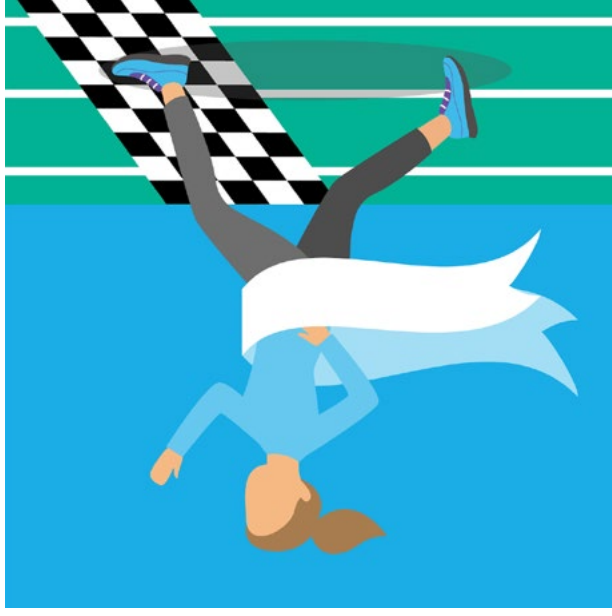


NCEES DISCONTINUING PE SOFTWARE ENGINEERING EXAM

NCEES will discontinue the [Principles and Practice of Engineering \(PE Software Engineering exam](#) after the April 2019 exam administration. Since the original offering in 2013, the exam has been administered five times, with a total population of 81 candidates. Only 19 candidates registered for the April 2018 administration. Per NCEES exam development policy, the Committee on Examination Policy and Procedures (EPP) is required to review the history of any exam with fewer than 50 total first-time examinees from NCEES jurisdictions in two consecutive administrations and provide recommendations to the NCEES board of directors concerning the desirability of continuing the exam.

At the January 2018 meeting, the EPP Committee reviewed the history of the PE Software Engineering exam, the low candidate population, and the potential for increasing the number of first-time examinees. After consideration of all information, the EPP Committee

MAKING THE SWITCH TO ARE 5.0



NCARB first announced the retirement of ARE 4.0 in 2014, providing candidates with ample time to design a personalized testing strategy. Anyone who has not completed the exam by June 30, 2018, will need to transition to ARE 5.0 to complete the ARE.

To help make the upcoming change as smooth as possible, NCARB has developed a number of [free resources](#), including an interactive [Transition Calculator](#) that shows how ARE 4.0 credits will transfer to the new exam. Candidates can also get real-time help from NCARB experts through the ARE 4.0 and [ARE 5.0](#) communities. Developed by NCARB, the ARE is used to test a candidate's knowledge and skills, and is required for initial licensure in all U.S. jurisdictions. To learn more about the upcoming retirement of ARE 4.0, visit [NCARB's website](#).

recommended that NCEES discontinue the PE Software Engineering exam.

At its February 2018 meeting, the NCEES board of directors accepted the EPP Committee's recommendation to discontinue offering the PE Software Engineering exam. Since this exam is offered only once per year, the board directed that NCEES discontinue the PE Software Engineering exam after the April 2019 exam administration.

NCEES provided official notification to all member boards of the discontinuation of the PE Software Engineering exam in accordance with policy.

For more information on FE or PE exams, visit ncees.org/engineering. [Download the news release \(PDF\)](#).



NEW LICENSEES

ARCHITECTS

The following individuals were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

Albritton, Milton Todd	Daniels, Ryan M	Hoisington, William E	Monn, Michael Joseph
Ansel, Steven W.	Davis, Jeffrey A	Hurst, Ivy M	Moore, Derek
Baer, John A	Davis, Lauren Colleen	Jarvis, Mark Roy	Moos, David F
Barnes, Andrew Mark	Deem, Jessica G.	Jennerjahn, David Robert	Muniz-Guillet, Ricardo J.
Baumgarten, Nickolas Aaron	Devlin, William H	Johnson, Scott A.	Myers, Megan E
Bemberg, Max Conrad	DeWeese, Daniel Joseph	Joslin, Barbara J	Naeger, Sean David
Biggs, Erik	Economou, Steve J	Kaczmar, Stanley J	Nathan, Nicole
Billo, Christopher P	Ekey, Geoffrey S.	Kasemsarn, Richard	Nicholson, David B
Blank, Lurita McIntosh	Eli, Jessica Megan	Kelly, Robert W	Norton, Katharine Brookes
Blanner, Ryan C	Esser, Nicole Catherine	Kharatyan, Arsen	O'Leary, William John
Bleser, Allison Marie	Ettelman, Laura	King, Stephanie Ann	Oas, Benjamin Gilbert
Block, Rebecca A.B.	Fausto, Ariel M.	Kirby, William Terry, Jr	Paul, Allison
Blood, David E	Ferguson, Paul L. R.	Kohn, Rebecca Suzanne	Pauly, Matthew R
Bowman, Weldon Jordao	Fink, Jeri C	Kollin, Michael	Pettit, James Richard
Boze, Jason M	Fish, Shanna Rae	L'Heureux, Marie Alice	Prather, John Thomas
Braselton, Zachary T	Forbes, Nicholas Thomas	Larison, Jacob Philip	Privitera, Aaron Vito
Brown, Daniel Joseph	Friedman, Melanie Rose	Leggans, David R	Prizzi, Anthony Joseph
Brown, John Edward	Garvey, Julie A	Lessard, Christian J	Pujic, Goran
Bruner, Nicholas Ryan	Gaumont, Timothy	Lindvig, Marc O	Ramaswami, Murali
Bundren, Todd Steven	Gill, Brian Scott	Loehner, Caroline	Richards, Christopher Michael
Cadle, Matthew Augustus	Goring, James A	Macon, Allison K	Richmond, Adam N
Cammalleri, Vincenzo	Gremmelsbacher, Kevin Charles	Magill, Patrick Kevin	Riggin, Drew E
Chacon, Roberto E.	Greubel, Angela Jeanne	Manley, Thomas Roger, II	Roberson, Chadwick Scott
Christopoulos, Demetrios L	Hagedorn, Jared Michael	Marr, Alfredo O	Roberts, Ian J
Cisar, Kurtis A	Hart, David Harris	Masterson, Meghan Marie	Sandweg, Timothy Mark
Ciston, Robert Tyler	Hastings, Kirsten E	Ortego	Scherer, Spencer Raymond
Clark, Trent Wayne	Hayden, Margaret Strauss	McCabe, Bryan Michael	Schmitz, Adam Michael
Claxton, James Darin	Heinle, DJ	McCollum, Michael L	Scott, Aaron Douglas
Corbin, Regina Genese	Henderson, Cody J	McLain, Carry D.	Scott, Kevin D
Corvaia, Joseph Alan	Hensley, Sheila Baysinger	Mendez, Allison Marie	Scott, Sidney L
Dallessandro, Anthony Steven	Hodges, James M	Mika, Dennis J	Semple, Kevin C.



DIMENSIONS



ARCHITECTS CONTINUED...

Shadwick, Stephanie Anne
Shambarger, Mark C
Shelden, Stanton L
Shepherd, Gail Hiett
Shirk, Zachary B
Silva, Michaela Karyn Slama
Siroky, Daniel J
Smith, Michael L
Spieker, Henry

Stambaugh, William T
Steele, Wesley A.
Stoite, Hadley
Stopsky, Lucy Davidson
Stranahan, Clark Mowry
Strickland, Carrie D
Stutтерheim, Aaron Keith
Sullivan, Mark John
Takacs, Kristopher Jon

Taylor, Maxwell John
Terschuluse, Gary Francis
Thomas, Joel Alan
Thompson, Nicole L
Thompson, Regina
Tolson, John Marc
Tomlinson, Brian Richard
Truex, Jevon
Warner, Megan Rose
Wasmoen, Thomas Patrick
Wheeler, Mark Steven
Williams, Jeffrey Arthur
Wilson, Samuel W
Wolbers, Thomas J
Young, Thomas Kent
Zierer, Nathan Donald

ARCHITECTURAL CORPORATIONS/LLCS

The following corporations and LLCs were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

ibds, P.C.

JG Architecture, LLC

Jim Bulejski Architects, LLC

Jim Edgar - Architect, LLC

KAI/Alliance, L.C.

Kyle Nottmeier, Architect, LLC

Lessard Design Inc.

M Panethiere & Associates, PC

Modus Studio, LLC

NP Studio North, LLC

Olsson Associates, Inc

Phillips/Sekanick Architects PC

Ramaker & Associates, Inc

Refine by UIC, LLC

SAS Architects And Planners LLC

SelserSchaefer Architects, Inc

The W-T Group, LLC

UIC Homes, LLC

Urban Improvement Company, LLC

Vecino Design, LLC

Wendel Architecture, PC

Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd

Candacity, LLC

Clark Nexsen, Inc

CMC Architecture, PC

Collab, LLC

Coscia Moos Architecture, LLC

CPH Design, Inc

Cuhaci & Peterson, Architects, Engineers, Planners, Inc.

Daniel Anthony Orecchio, Architect, LLC

Declination Architects LLC

Design + Advise, LLC

Elements Architecture Inc.

Envirobusiness, Inc

FMD Architects, Inc

GGA-PC

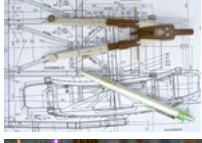
Halla Architecture Structure Planning, Ltd

Ian J. Roberts Architect, LLC

!ARCHITECTURE, LLC



DIMENSIONS



PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

The following individuals were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

Abdou, Hossam
Allen, Benjamin J.
Amin, Saady
Amos, Johnathan Bennett
Anastasio, Steven Michael
Andes, Benjamin Thomas
Androvich, Deborah Jane
Antonio, Allyson Melia
Applebury, Christopher Ryan
Armstrong, Joshua David
Arora, Manik K.
Asadollahi, Parisa
Ashur, Ali Ahmed
Atkins, Kristin
Ausdemore, Jon D.
Babb, Jesse
Ballard, Brian A.
Banks, Dillon Marc
Barker, Michael Tyler
Barnes, Matthew S.
Barratt, Matthew Story
Bass, Derec Wayne
Bass, T. Alec
Beatty, Keith D.
Beaver, Jesse L.
Bedair, Hatem Ibrahim El Sayed
Bell, Brent Allen
Bell, Matthew D.
Bell, Seth William
Bennett, Linda F.
Benz, Alex C.
Berger, Jacob L.
Berger, Michael A.
Berry, David Alan

Blum, Andrew
Blumenstein, Eric P.
Boile, Christopher
Boracchini, Alfredo
Bordenet, D. Scott
Borger, Jeffrey Dean
Bostick, Joseph A
Bowser, Tony
Braun, Kurt N.
Brauner, John Steven
Brightman, Jonathan Andrew
Britton, Chris
Brooks, Zach
Broses, Mark J.
Brown, Gregory
Brown, Neil Edward
Bruce, Ben Z.
Bryant, John T.
Buerk, Thomas Edward, III
Burgess, A. Scott
Burton, Kenneth Christopher
Buttig, David Travis
Butts, Justin L.
Canales, Eric A.
Cardwell, Hannah Bruce
Carr, Brent R.
Cassell, Doug
Cerra, Andrew J.
Chambers, Jeff
Champion, Jarad Lee
Chandler, Dean Way
Chandler, Joshua Thomas
Charles, Brian
Cheng, Chiawen

Chitwood, Drew A.
Christmas, Taylor J.
Church, Jimmy Ray
Clandenning, Kurtis J.
Clark, Ivan Lee
Clarke, Jeremy J.
Clay, William A.
Clouse, Jacob Frederick
Clubb, Britt D.
Coffman, Garret Ray
Cole, Jeremiah
Conway, Jonathan M.
Coonan, Jeremy David
Cook, John
Courtemanche, David J.
Crance, Christopher D.
David, Asher
Davis, Drew Alexander
Deacy, James Sullivan
DeCoster, Nicholas A.
Dekker, Brian M.
Derosa, Christopher J.
Devivo, Shannon
Dickson, Timothy J.
Dinkelmann, Jeffrey Allan, Jr.
Dixon, Jody M.
Donovan, Jonathan J.
Dorsett, Aaron
Douglas, Brent L.
Douglas, Christopher Lee
Dowd, Nathan Thomas
Draheim, Jonathan William
Driller, Taylor A.
Drissell, Elizabeth A.
Drossel, Wade James
Dulle, Brian Stephen
Duncan, Douglas Lee
Dunn, Marshall Robert
Duvigneaud, Peter
Dymott, James
Eddings, Gregory Michael
El-Awar, Raja S.
Escalante de Leon, Lazaro Samuel
Espinosa, Sarah H.
Feld, Jonathan D.
Ferdon, Andrew S.
Finan, Matthew Thomas
Fischer, Hayden
Folken, Aaron Michael
Formstrom, Troy J.
Forrester, Bethany Blue
Forstater, Gerald I.
Fox, Jessica
Freicks, Jason Lee
Gajara, Shashikanth
Gallagher, James Patrick
Gallo, Anthony Amadeo
Garrett, David Cory
Gillespie, Tori Janelle
Gilliam, Joseph Thomas
Ginsburg, Adam J.
Golemo, Benjamin W.
Gordon, Thomas W.
Gravett, Matthew Lee
Green, Jason E.
Greer, Thomas M.
Griffin, Alexander Michael



PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS CONTINUED...

Grout, Trevor Stephen
Gustafson, Matthew
Hagman, Steven H.
Hahlbeck, Michael P.
Haines, Robert A.
Hamilton, Shane R.
Hann, Ryan Z.
Hansen, Justin Michael
Harness, Arnold P.
Harris, Marc T.
Harris, Mark L.
Hash, J. Brian
Haynes, Christopher
Healy, Jonathan
Hearst, Daniel Lee
Herndon, Benjamin J.
Herrema, Jordan S.
Higginbotham, Justin Scott
Hines, Robert L.
Hinshaw, Gregory J.
Hisey, Jonathan T.
Hogan, Michael Dominic
Holloway, Daniel W.
Holman, Kyle Richard
Hooley, Benjamin
Hooper, Audrey M.
Horn, Tyler Gregory
Hoyt, Dustin
Huddleston, George B., III
Hull, Michael W.
Hummel, Garrett Douglas
Hunter, Stuart C.
Huynh, Athena Thuy
Iffrig, Daniel D.
Iwig-Harmon, Michelle A.

Jabrani, Andrew K.
Jackson, Samuel Paul
Jacobi, Brian Michael
Jarman, Christopher M.
Johnson, Austin K.
Jones, Christopher P.
Jones, Clint
Jones, Trevor G.
Josephson, Carl H.
Kamp, Kenneth C.
Kanne, Chris
Karlin, Christopher John Clark
Kasiska, Lindsay Dawn
Katzenberger, Jacob M.
Kauer, Amanda Clarice
Kearns, Patrick Alan
Keegan, Katherine
Keffer, Scott
Kinel, Andrew J.
King, Shane J.
Kirby, Zach R.
Kirkpatrick, Garrett M.
Klassy, Barry J.
Klinkhardt, Jeffrey
Knight, Eric James
Kormann, Steven
Krasneski, Dustin
Kuba, Michaela Masako
Kyle, Brandon L.
LaBelle, Edward B.
Lamble, Seth Paul
Lammers, Aaron William
Landrum, Michelle Mitchell
Landrum, Vern A.
Lane, Jordan Wheeler

Lange, Shawn E.
Large, Jeffery E.
Lee, Steven E.
Lee, Wey-Jen
Lewis, David B.
Lightner, Lixin Zhou
Linenberg, John
Liu, Tina Y.
Livingston, Michael
Lohrenz, Parker Andrew
Lolley, Jeffrey Scott
Long, Richard Thomas, Jr.
Looten, Daniel Wayne
Luberda, Austin
Lucas, Ross
Macino, Richard
Mackenzie, Guy
Magelky, Jeremy
Mahmud, Dahoud A.
Malenofski, Crystal Lynn
Mapes, Matthew Adam
Marlar, Michael
Marshall, Kate Marie
Maschmann, Kathryn
Mason, Chad S.
Massar, Melissa Meyer
May, Mitchel David
McCalmont, Aaron W.
McCann, Weston
McCormick, Cameron A.
McDonald, Scott Michael
McGovern, Zach
McKee, Heath Quentin
McKinnie, Andrea Lynette
McKinnie, Timothy Robert

McLaren, David W.
McNutt, Kevin Patrick
Melfi, David J.
Meltzer, Douglas S.
Messenger, Mark
Metcalf, Brett
Meyer, James Edward
Mezger, David E.
Middleton, James Iverson, Jr.
Miley, Ethan Gita
Miller, Donna J.
Minor, Nathan Thomas
Moerer, Stephen Conrad
Molder, Larry M., II
Mollet, Samantha Michelle
Moraris, John M.
Mumm, Thad A.
Mummert, Adam Wesley
Mupparapu, Ashwin
Nadvornik, Gregory L.
Nealon, Kyle
Neth, Adam W.
Newbold, Seth
Newman, Patrick M.
Nickodem, Evan P.
Nikin, Zachary Caleb
Nimmagadda, Harsha Kiran
O'Connell, Daniel P.
Oesterreich, Matt
O'Hern, Sean C.
Orlowski, Keith L.
Ortiz-Ruiz, Jose M.
Oswald, Bryce W.
Ottoson, Peter
Owens, Timothy M.



PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS CONTINUED...

Pacaro, Anthony D., Jr.	Rogers, Joshua W.	Slotten, Stephen K.	Thomazin, John A.
Painter, Jason M.	Romza, Thomas J.	Smallwood, Charles Patrick	Thompson, William Robert Martin
Parker, Jack J.	Roose, Elizabeth	Smith, Emily M.	Timberlake, Nicklas P.
Parker, Melanie Jane	Ross, Joseph Anthony	Smith, Mitchell William	Toloza, Alfred J.
Parrish, Matthew	Roth, Matt	Smith, Wilson Anthony	Tomasbi, Cameron R.
Parrish, Michael D.	Rowe, Reginald Lee	Smolinski, Robert J.	Toniolo, Joseph M.
Parsons, Terry M.	Rowley, James	Sneegas, Jason M.	Trupiano, Eric
Patel, Ashutosh	Rudolph, Troy	Sornsinsin, Mark A.	Tuan, Christopher Y.
Peterson, Danielle Ruth	Rutila, Dean A.	Spaich, Lucas Michael	Tunison, Christopher Trae
Peterson, Scott R.	Ryherd, Lee J.	Spooner, Jesse Boyd	Turner, Sean M.
Philippo, Andrew	Sabacky, Steven B.	Stack, Alexander	Underwood, Dylan Tyler
Pierce, Tim	Sallee, Jenny	Stallings, James	Vaglio, Jeffrey Craig
Pokorny, Kyle C.	Santer, Jason G.	Staver, Bradley	van Moorsel, Gerard
Potter, Alex Michael	Sartain, Monica Mace	Steele, Nicholas K.	Vance, Jeff
Potter-Weight, Alex	Sattler, Brian J.	Steenhoek, Jeremy T.	Vandergrift, Jon R.
Preston, Kirkland E.	Saylor, Jason Gary	Stefanczyk, Damian D.	Vanlandingham, Kelly D.
Quigley, Marcus Mahan	Scheidt, William	Stefanski, Karl T.	Veuleman, Eric
Racheva, Mira	Schenk, Anthony	Stensland, Adam Craig	Volker, Clark E.
Reab, Adam P.	Schmid, Kaitlin P.	Sterenber, Jonathan Peter	Volz, Matthew A.
Reese, Leree Lane	Schneider, Mark A., Jr.	Stevens, Ellen Weber	Wachter, Marc William
Reinhardt, Michael	Schoenhoff, Timothy Lee	Stewart, Robert K.	Walker, Matthew Paul
Reitinger, John David, Jr.	Schoo, Reilly J.	Stone, Joseph Garret	Wang, Fei
Reneau, Chris	Schowe, Timothy E.	Strahm, Branden J.	Wappes, Zachary
Resu, Santosh Reddy	Scott, Christopher M.	Strandberg, John David	Ward, Bryan R.
Reyes, Juan J.	Seely, Elizabeth Ann	Strasser, Daniel Leland	Wassom, Courtney O.
Reysen, Richard D.	Seger, Michael Robert	Sullivan, Paul D.	Weber, Ashley Lauren
Ridgway, Erica J.	Serrano, Paul E.	Sun, Simon	Weeks, John
Rindone, Giancarlo Carmelo	Severini, Steven C.	Talley, Shaun P.	Weiss, William R.
Ripley, Bradley William	Shackelford, Ethan Kyle	Tan, V. Andrew	Wells, Brian C.
Rivers, Brian M.	Sheridan, Daniel James	Tapko, Luke Martin	Westbrook, Kevin Earl
Rizza, Michael Angelo	Shoemaker, Tyler	Tarquinio, John E.	Wetzler, Erik B.
Roberts, Geoffrey L.	Silva, Denis	Tast, Siegfried Earl	White, Darrick D.
Robinson, John M.	Simon, Justin	Teel, Shannan Nicole	White, Floyd D.
Rodgers, Audra L.	Skorseth, Craig T.	Tewalt, Sean A.	Wilkins, Carl L.
Rogers, Joshua M.	Slaterry, Thomas M.	Thewis, Alexandra	Willhite, John R.



PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS CONTINUED...

Williams, David Austin
Wilson, Blake Andrew
Wilson, Christy Lynn
Win, Thien Vu
Wirth, Brian
Withers, Amanda J.
Woker, Chris
Wong, Derek R.

Wozniak, Brian J.
Yang, Alicia
Yang, Yue
Yegnaraman, Manoj
Yip, Lauren
Young, Bradley S.
Young, Michael N.
Zachreson, Nathan M.

Zhang, Yue
Zinn, Michael V.
Zitny, Brett C.
Zuendt, Alexander F.
Zuniga, Edgardo
Zweifel, Earl K.

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING CORPORATIONS/LLCS

The following corporations and LLCs were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC
ACI Mechanical, Inc.
Altius Design Services LLC
Arch Rail Group, LLC
Atkins Engineers, Inc.
Babcock & Wilcox Construction Co., LLC
Blanchard AE Group, LLC
BluDot Engineering LLC
Bordenet Consulting, LLC
Bowman Consulting Group, Ltd.
Buckel Design Group, LLC
CFE Engineering Services, P.C.
CFI Companies Inc
CH Automation and Engineering LLC
Clark Nexsen, Inc.
CPH Structural Engineering, Inc.
Cuhaci & Peterson, Architects, Engineers, Planners, Inc.
D3 Technical Services, LLC
D'Amato, Conversano, Inc.
DFW Consulting Group, Inc.
DGM Consultants, P.C.

Eagle Metal Products, LLC
EnSafe Inc.
Evolved Engineering & Design, LLC
Firetower Engineered Timber, Inc.
Fulmer Engineering, LLC
G. Herschman Architects, Inc.
GarNat Engineering, LLC
Global Finishing Solutions, LLC
Global Risk Consultants Corp.
Holland Engineers, LLC
Hornbuckle Heating & Air Conditioning, Inc.
Hunt Structural Engineering LLC
InfraSource, LLC
Integral Consulting Inc.
J.S. Held LLC
Jirsa Hedrick & Associates, Inc.
Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC
KAI 360 Construction Services, LLC
KAI Engineering, LLC
Keystone Retaining Wall Systems LLC
Knapp Engineering, LLC



PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING CORPORATIONS/LLCs CONTINUED...

Kroeschell Engineering Co. Inc.	S1 Structural LLC
L. Grasse & Associates, Inc.	Scherry Engineering, LLC
L-7 Services LLC	Sherbut-Carson-Claxton, LLC
Leonard C. Quick & Assoc., Inc.	SSI Consulting LLC
Maser Consulting P.C.	Superior Bowen Asphalt Company, L.L.C.
Matrix PDM Engineering, Inc.	Synergy Engineering, PC
MBN Engineering, Inc.	T&Z Consulting Services, LLC
MECO-Heneghan Engineers, LLC	Texas Design Interests, LLC
MEP Engineers, L.L.C.	The Dothea Group, LLC
Meridian Energy & Environment, LLC	The W-T Group, LLC
Michels Corporation	TJF Structural Design, Inc.
Navigate Building Solutions, LLC	Trabue Engineering, LLC
OCD Services, LLC	Tylk Gustafson Reckers Wilson Andrews, LLC
Pencore Engineering & Consultants, LLC	Utility Service Co., Inc.
Petrichor Engineering & Design, L.L.C.	VAK Construction Engineering Services, L.L.C.
Pfefferkorn Engineering & Environmental, LLC	Vecino Design, LLC
PKM Engineering Design LLC	Vector Structural Design, PC
Precast Design Services LLC	Via Rail Engineering Inc.
Quanta Technology, LLC	VITOK Engineers, Inc.
Quantum Environmental & Engineering Services, LLC (QE2)	Wachter Engineering, LLC
Richard Adams Engineers & Consultants, Corp.	WET Engineering, Inc.
River Oak Mechanical, LLC	Wier & Associates, Inc.
RSP Architects, Ltd.	WTA Engineering, L.L.C.
S.S. Papadopoulos & Associates, Inc.	
S.S.E. and Associates, P.C.	



PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

The following individuals were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

Birner, John A.
Calandro, Christopher Vito
Cochran, Michael P.
Conti, Steven Richard
DeSain, B. Austin

Egelhoff, Brandon M.
Fish, Timothy Leigh
Gardner, William Lee
Nelson, Kevin L.
Peterson, Karl M.

Schaffer, Lucien C., Jr.
Straatmann, Warren D.
Trapani, Jennifer Jo

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYING CORPORATIONS/LLCS

The following corporations and LLCs were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

Audubon Field Solutions, LLC
Gard-Horizon, LLC
Gonzalez Companies, LLC

Point to Point Land Surveyors, Inc
Prairie Engineers, PC
Riverside Survey LLC

TEP OpCo, LLC
Terhune Surveying And Mapping, LLC

PROFESSIONAL LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

The following individuals were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

Browder, Edward Allen
Compadre, L Irene
Corbett, Jonathan D
Handzel, Christopher J
Hatten, Anna
Holt, Alan D.

Hus, Bradley N
Kaiser, Michael J
McCall, Derek R
McCown Foster, Erin
Mendenhall, Kent
Meyer, Dennis

Rogers, Laura C.
Shen, Jennifer Chow
Talley, Cynthia
Thomas, Brent D
Wilker, Megan M

PROFESSIONAL LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURAL CORPORATIONS/LLCS

The following corporations and LLCs were licensed between October 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018

Blair Parker Design, LLC
Garver, LLC
Gateway Design Studio, LLC

Landesign, LLC
MASSIE MASSIE & ASSOCIATES, INC
PLAID Collaborative LLC



DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

DISCLAIMER: Every effort has been made to ensure that the following enforcement information is correct. However, this information should not be relied upon without verification from the Board office. It should be noted that the names of companies and individuals listed may be similar to the names of the parties who have not had enforcement actions taken against them. Discipline orders are public data and copies may be obtained by contacting the Board office. Pursuant to Chapter 327, RSMo, a licensee is entitled to engage in the practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying or landscape architecture during his/her probationary period providing that the licensee adheres to all of the terms and conditions of the Order. However, a licensee whose license has been suspended, is not entitled to engage in the practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying or landscape architecture during his/her suspension period.

LICENSEES CURRENTLY ON SUSPENSION

BORGARD, MICHAEL GLENN, PE-24533 (Fenton, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on August 14, 2016.

CORN, MICHAEL LEWIS, A-3427 (St. Louis, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on June 21, 2014.

ERD, ANDREW L., A-2016033870 (Glendale, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on September 3, 2017.

GABERT, MARK A., PLS-2002000248 (Golden, Colorado) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on September 3, 2017.

GOMEZ, MARIO P., PE-19007 (Ladue, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on November 21, 2009.

GOODMAN, CHARLES LOUIS, PE-2005024489 (Manhattan, Kansas) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on June 21, 2014.

GRAEFE, SAMUEL WARD, PE-18597 (Moore, Oklahoma) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on April 23, 2011.

GROTHE, THOMAS J., PE-19840 (Columbia, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on September 3, 2017.

KLEIN, EDWARD F., PE-13977 (Kansas City, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on May 21, 2012.

LUCAS, MARTIN A., PLS-1857 (East Prairie, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on November 21, 2009.

MAGEE, ALLAN HAROLD, PE-24813 (Ballwin, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on August 14, 2016.

MARTIN, GREGORY LYNN, A-6885 (Lee's Summit, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on September 3, 2017.

MCBRIDE, ROLAND E., PLS-2486 (Lee's Summit, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on August 14, 2016.

WOLF, DONALD R., PE-23385 (Lee's Summit, Missouri) – suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, on June 21, 2014.

LICENSEES CURRENTLY ON PROBATION

ATHEY, BRADFORD NEAL, A-2015017495 (Lenexa, Kansas) – probation commenced on August 16, 2017 and ends on August 15, 2019.

CURTIS, DONALD DUSTIN, A-2011008143 (Phoenix, Arizona) – probation commenced on October 4, 2016 and ends on October 3, 2019.

ELLIS, MICHAEL F. JR., PE-29453 (O'Fallon, Missouri) – probation commenced on January 3, 2018 and ends on January 2, 2019.

HAWKINS, DARRYL WARREN, A-2001023626 (Occoquan, Virginia) – probation commenced on August 2, 2017 and ends on August 1, 2019.

HOWELL, FREDRICK S., PLA-146 (Kansas City, Missouri) – probation commenced on February 2, 2018 and ends on February 1, 2019.

KHATRI, DILIP M., PE-2008031844 (Pasadena, California) – probation commenced on March 24, 2018 and ends on March 23, 2019.

LINDSEY, RAYBURN G., A-4903 (Paragould, Arkansas) – probation commenced on March 19, 2016 and ends on March 18, 2019.

MAR, DAVID CLIFTON, PE-2016010967 (Berkeley, California) – probation commenced on June 21, 2017 and ends on June 20, 2018.

MAYO, MICHAEL G., A-2004016311 (Manhattan, Kansas) – probation commenced on December 4, 2017 and ends on December 3, 2018.

QUICK, ROBERT E., PE-22540 (Kansas City, Missouri) – probation commenced on March 30, 2018 and ends on March 29, 2019. In addition, the Board imposed a civil penalty of \$1,500 against Mr. Quick. On or about April 10, 2018, the Board received a trust account check in the amount of \$1,500 for the civil penalties from Robert E. Quick. On April 10, 2018, the Board mailed the \$1,500 trust account check to Steve Cheslik, Treasurer for Cass County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund.

SCOTT, KEVIN D., A-2018004073 (Denver, Colorado) – probation commenced on February 5, 2018 and ends on February 4, 2019.

SEKELY, JOSEPH D. A-4535 (Dellroy, Ohio) – probation commenced on January 24, 2018 and ends on January 23, 2019.

THOMAS, MICHAEL A., A-3320 (Chamblee, Georgia) – probation commenced on March 16, 2018 and ends on March 15, 2021.

WOTTRING, W. PAUL, PE-023123 (Houston, Texas) – probation commenced on November 30, 2017 and ends on November 29, 2018.

REVOCATIONS

NEEDHAM, JASON RANDAL, PE-2010031053

Eads, Tennessee

Summary: The Board received information that on or about April 14, 2017, Mr. Needham entered a plea of guilty in the federal court for the Western District of Tennessee. Mr. Needham obtained information by accessing computer information from a competing professional engineering firm who was his former employer in violation of federal law. Mr. Needham also illegally downloaded engineering schematics and .pdf files from the former employer and obtained budgetary information of that former employer to gain a competitive advantage, using an email account of an employee of that former employer. Mr. Needham notified the Board of his conviction. The federal court sentenced Mr. Needham on August 4, 2017, to imprisonment for 18 months. The conviction is considered a felony under federal law. Mr. Needham is presently incarcerated.

Cause for Discipline Mr. Needham's license is subject to discipline by the Board pursuant to Section 327.442, RSMo, which provides that a licensee is subject to discipline when final court proceedings are concluded in which the licensee has entered a plea of guilty in a felony prosecution of any felony offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a licensee or any felony offense, an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty, or an act of violence, or for any felony offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence



is imposed.

Board Action: On November 3, 2017, the Board held a disciplinary hearing on this matter. After having carefully and fully considered all the evidence presented at the hearing before the Board, it was the decision of the Board that Mr. Needam's professional engineering license number PE-2010031053 be revoked. The Order became effective on November 20, 2017.

STANLEY, HAROLD RAY, PE-19372 (EXPIRED 12/31/2015)

Peculiar, Missouri

Summary: The Board received information that on June 2, 2016, a jury found Mr. Stanley guilty of attempting to evade income tax and attempting to interfere with the administration of internal revenue laws. Mr. Stanley failed to file income tax returns in 2005 and 2006, filed incomplete returns for 2007-2009, failed to make any income tax payments for 2007-2009, submitted fake money orders for payment, and submitted a false criminal referral to the Internal Revenue Service. The federal court of the Western District of Missouri sentenced Mr. Stanley on November 16, 2016, to imprisonment for 18 months. The conviction is considered a felony under federal law. Mr. Stanley is presently incarcerated.

Cause for Discipline: Mr. Stanley's license is subject to discipline by the Board pursuant to Section 327.442, RSMo, which provides that a licensee is subject to discipline when final court proceedings are concluded in which the licensee has been adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a felony prosecution of any felony offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a licensee pursuant to this chapter or any felony offense, an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty, or an act of violence, or for any felony offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed.

Board Action: On November 3, 2017, the Board held a disciplinary hearing on this matter. After having carefully and fully considered all the evidence presented at the hearing before the Board, it was the decision of the Board that Mr. Stanley's professional engineering license number PE-19372 be revoked. The Order became effective on November 20, 2017.

PROBATIONS

WOTTRING, W. PAUL, PE-23123

Houston, Texas

Summary: The Board received information that on October 3, 2016, Mr. Wottring signed a Stipulation and Consent Order with the Idaho Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, in which he admitted that he failed to timely respond to a Board inquiry and to submit a Continuing Professional Development log when required. The Stipulation and Consent Order provided that Mr. Wottring was admonished and required to pay an administrative penalty in the amount of \$500. The Stipulation and Consent Order was approved by the Idaho Board and became effective on November 8, 2016. After his Missouri license expired, Wottring submitted an application for relicensure in which he answered "no" to a question as to whether he had been disciplined in any other jurisdiction.



Cause for Discipline: The Board had cause for disciplining Mr. Wottring's professional engineering license under Section 327.441.2(3), RSMo, by use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any license or certificate of authority issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter; Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(8), RSMo, by disciplinary action against the holder of a license or a certificate of authority, or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on November 1, 2017, Mr. Wottring signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to his Professional Engineering license number PE-23123 being placed on probation for a period of one year commencing on November 29, 2017 and ending on November 28, 2018.

MAYO, MICHAEL G., A-2004016311

Manhattan, Kansas

Summary: The Board received information that until December 2014, Mr. Mayo's partner in the Ebert Mayo Design Group was Kenneth G. Ebert, who at the time was also a Missouri licensed architect. Mr. Ebert retired on December 31, 2014, and ceased being an active participant in the firm following that date, although he remained Vice President. Mr. Ebert decided to allow his Missouri architectural license expire when it came up for renewal in 2016. On December 7, 2016, Mr. Mayo renewed his Missouri architectural license through the Board's on-line renewal system. At the same time, Mr. Mayo also renewed Mr. Ebert's Missouri architectural license. Mr. Mayo changed the mailing and email addresses on Mr. Ebert's account to his own. Mr. Mayo did not communicate or consult with Mr. Ebert before renewing his license, and did not have Mr. Ebert's permission to do so. As part of the renewal process, Mr. Mayo affirmed that Mr. Ebert had complied with continuing education requirements, when he had no information to support that averment, and when Mr. Ebert had not in fact complied with the requirements.

Cause for Discipline: The Board had cause for disciplining Mr. Mayo's architectural license under Section 327.441.2(3), RSMo, by use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any license or certificate of authority issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter; Section 327.441.2(7), RSMo, by impersonation of any person holding a license or certificate of authority, or allowing any person to use his or her license or certificate of authority or diploma from any school; and, Section 327.441.2(13), RSMo, for violation of any professional trust or confidence.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on November 7, 2017, Mr. Mayo signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to his Architectural license number A-2004016311 being placed on probation for a period of one year commencing on December 4, 2017 and ending on December 3, 2018.

**ELLIS, MICHAEL F. JR., PE-29453**

O'Fallon, Missouri

Summary: Mr. Ellis renewed his Missouri professional engineer's license online. The online renewal application requires applicants to read a series of statements and indicate whether they agree with those statements. An indication of agreement constitutes a representation to the Board that the fact agreed to is true regarding the applicant, on which the Board relies for purpose of acting on application for renewal. One of the statements on the application with which the applicant is required to agree is: "In any other licensing jurisdiction, I have not been the subject of disciplinary action, or entered into any type of settlement agreement, providing for any limitation on my ability to practice, or monetary penalty or payment of costs that I have not previously disclosed to this Board." Mr. Ellis checked a box indicating his agreement with this statement. However, on October 27, 2016, Mr. Ellis had signed a Stipulation and Consent Order with the Idaho Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers, in which he acknowledged that he failed to timely respond to a Board inquiry and to produce a required Continuing Professional Development (CPD) log. In the Idaho Consent Order, Mr. Ellis agreed to the discipline of admonishment and assessment of a civil penalty of \$500.

Cause for Discipline: The Board had cause for disciplining Mr. Ellis's professional engineering license under Section 327.441.2(3), RSMo, by use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any license or certificate of authority issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter; Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(8), RSMo, by disciplinary action against the holder of a license or a certificate of authority, or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on December 2, 2017, Mr. Ellis signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to place his Professional Engineering license number PE-29453 on probation for a period of one year commencing on January 3, 2018 and ending on January 2, 2019.

SEKELY, JOSEPH D., A-4535

Dellroy, Ohio

Summary: Mr. Sekely is licensed by the Missouri Board as an architect. He is also licensed as an architect in the States of Ohio and Iowa. On March 16, 2014, Mr. Sekely signed a Settlement Agreement with the Ohio Architects Board, in which he admitted that he failed to comply with continuing education requirements and falsely stated that he had complied with continuing education requirements. The Settlement Agreement required Mr. Sekely to pay a fine of \$1,000 and complete continuing education requirements. The Settlement Agreement was approved by the Ohio Board and became effective June 3, 2014. On April 20, 2017, Mr. Sekely signed a Settlement Agreement and Consent Order with the Architectural Examining Board of the state of Iowa, in which he acknowledged that he falsely stated he had not been disciplined in any other jurisdiction in an application for registration as an architect in Iowa, omitting mention of the Ohio Settlement Agreement.



Mr. Sekely was reprimanded by the Iowa Board. The Iowa Settlement Agreement and Consent Order was approved by the Iowa Board and became effective May 9, 2017. Mr. Sekely renewed his Missouri license twice without revealing these incidents of discipline.

Cause for Discipline: The Board had cause for disciplining Mr. Sekely's architectural license under Section 327.441.2(3), RSMo, by use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any license issued pursuant to Chapter 327, RSMo; Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of any provision of Chapter 327, RSMo, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to that chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(8), RSMo, by disciplinary action against the holder of a license granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on December 20, 2017, Mr. Sekely signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to place his Architectural license number A-4535 on probation for a period of one year commencing on January 24, 2018 and ending on January 23, 2019.

KHATRI, DILIP M., PE-2008031844

Pasadena, California

Summary: The Board received information that on September 20, 2016, Mr. Khatri signed a Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order with the Board for Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors, and Geologists of the Department of Consumer Affairs of the state of California. In the Stipulation, Mr. Khatri admitted that the facts in the Accusation against him, if proved, would constitute grounds for discipline of his licenses as a Civil Engineer and a Structural Engineer. As a result of the Stipulation and Disciplinary Order, Mr. Khatri's licenses were revoked, but the revocation was stayed and Mr. Khatri was placed on probation for 2.5 years. Mr. Khatri was also required to comply with educational requirements and to pay restitution in the amount of \$3,100.

Cause for Discipline: The Board had cause for disciplining Mr. Khatri's professional engineering license under Section 327.441.2(8), RSMo, by disciplinary action against the holder of a license granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on March 8, 2018, Mr. Khatri signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to place his Professional Engineering license number E-2008031844 on probation for a period of one year commencing on March 24, 2018 and ending on March 23, 2019.

HOWELL, FREDRICK S., PLA-146

Kansas City, Missouri

Summary: The Missouri Board issued license number PLA-146 to Fredrick S. Howell on January 14, 1994. Mr. Howell's license expired on December 31, 2014 for failure to renew. Mr. Howell also holds a landscape architect's license in the state of Kansas. Mr. Howell is one of the principals of PLAID Collaborative, LLC, a business located in Kansas City, Missouri. PLAID Collaborative LLC has never held a certificate of authority to practice professional landscape architecture in Missouri. On its website, PLAID Collaborative, LLC offers to perform services



including landscape architecture in the state of Missouri and has engaged in landscape architectural services in Missouri. Mr. Howell's application states that the company provides landscape architectural services. Mr. Howell is the only person associated with PLAID Collaborative, LLC who is or has ever been licensed as a professional landscape architect in Missouri. On January 26, 2018, Mr. Howell filed an application with the Missouri Board for relicensure of his license to provide landscape architectural services in the state of Missouri.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny Mr. Howell's relicensure application for a landscape architect pursuant to Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter, based on Mr. Howell's involvement in the unlicensed practice of professional landscape architecture by PLAID Collaborative, LLC.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of Mr. Howell's application for relicensure of a Professional Landscape Architect license, the Board authorized a probated license be issued Mr. Howell. Thereafter on February 2, 2018, the Board issued an Order to Fredrick S. Howell placing his Professional Landscape Architectural license number PLA-146 on probation for a period of one year commencing on February 2, 2018 and ending on February 1, 2019.

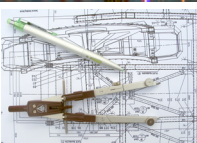
SCOTT, KEVIN D., A-2018004073

Denver, Colorado

Summary: On August 6, 2009, the Colorado State Board of Licensures for Architects, Professional Engineers, and Professional Land Surveyors issued a letter of admonition to Mr. Scott finding that he had practiced architecture in the state of Colorado without a license. On November 8, 2017, Mr. Scott filed an application with the Missouri Board for licensure as an architect in the state of Missouri. In response to a question inquiring whether he had been the subject of disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction, Mr. Scott checked a box indicating the answer "no," which was false due to his admonition in Colorado.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny Mr. Scott's application for an architect's license pursuant to Section 327.441.2(3), RSMo, by use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any license or certificate of authority issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter; Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(8), RSMo, by disciplinary action against the holder of a license or a certificate of authority, or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of Mr. Scott's application for licensure as an Architect, the Board authorized a probated license be issued Mr. Scott. Thereafter on February 5, 2018, the Board issued an Order to Kevin D. Scott placing his Architectural license number A-2018004073 on probation for a period of one year commencing on February 5, 2018 and ending on February 4, 2019.

**THOMAS, MICHAEL A., A-3320**

Chamblee, Georgia

Summary: The Board received information that on September 16, 2004, the South Carolina Board entered an order revoking Mr. Thomas's South Carolina license as an architect and requiring him to pay a fine of \$6,000 and costs of \$1,475. The South Carolina Order was based on finding that Mr. Thomas had violated regulations dealing with: 1) conduct involving fraud or wanton disregard of others by entering into a contract for architectural services without proper licenses from the Contractors Licensing Board; 2) failing to act with reasonable care and competence and to apply the technical knowledge and skill which is ordinarily applied by architects and firms in good standing in South Carolina, by negligent design and construction of a building resulting in the collapse of the roof trusses; and, 3) undertaking to perform professional services when he is not qualified by education, training, and experience in the specific technical areas involved, as evidenced by stamping his architect's seal on drawings that should have been stamped by a mechanical, electrical, and structural engineer. The Board also received information that on April 21, 2017, Mr. Thomas entered into a Consent Agreement with the Alabama Board, acknowledging that he violated a provision of Alabama law by submitting an Application for Reinstatement to the Board, in which he answered "no" to the question "Have you been disciplined by any occupational registration or licensing board?", which was false based on his failure to disclose the revocation of his license by the South Carolina Board. Under this Consent Agreement, Mr. Thomas paid a fine of \$750. The Consent Agreement was accepted by the Alabama Board on April 25, 2017. Mr. Thomas filed applications to renew his Missouri architect's license in 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015, in each of which he answered "no" to the questions as to whether he had been disciplined in another jurisdiction, without revealing his discipline in South Carolina. On December 12, 2017, Mr. Thomas filed an application for renewal of his Missouri license, in which he answered "No" to the question of whether he had been disciplined by any other jurisdiction, failing to disclose either his South Carolina or Alabama discipline.

Cause for Discipline: The Board had cause for disciplining Mr. Thomas's architectural license under Section 327.441.2(3), RSMo, by use of fraud or deception in securing any license or certificate of authority issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter; Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and Section 327.441.2(8), RSMo, by disciplinary action against the holder of a license or a certificate of authority, or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized in this state.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on February 15, 2018, Mr. Thomas signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to place his Architectural license number A-5033 on probation for a period of three years commencing on March 16, 2018 and ending on March 15, 2021.



PROBATION AND CIVIL PENALTY

QUICK, ROBERT E., PE-22540

Kansas City, Missouri

Summary: Mr. Quick holds a Professional Engineer's license in Missouri. He is the sole proprietor of Royal Engineering Consultants, Inc., which holds a certificate of authority as an engineering corporation issued by the Missouri Board. Dick Hicks is the proprietor of a firm called Advanced Septic Technologies. Neither Mr. Hicks nor Advanced Septic Technologies holds any license or certificate of authority issued by the Missouri Board. In April 2015 Mr. Hicks on behalf of Advanced Septic Technologies undertook work on planning a septic system at a residence in Raymore, Missouri. Mr. Hicks maintained all contact with the client, reviewed the property, obtained a soil morphology study, and drafted plans for a waste water treatment system. The plans were drafted by Mr. Hicks, not at Mr. Quick's business, and were reviewed by Mr. Quick after they were completed. Mr. Hicks contracted with Mr. Quick to review plans he had prepared. Mr. Hicks brought the plans to Mr. Quick, who conducted a desk review, placed his seal on the plans, and signed them on May 6, 2015. The plans did not contain a title block. Mr. Quick did not visit the property, speak with the client, or independently verify the information on which the plans were prepared. After Mr. Quick sealed the plans, Mr. Hicks submitted the plans to the Cass County Environmental Health and Zoning Department for approval. The Cass county Department reviewed the plans and consulted with the Onsite Waste Water Treatment Program (OWWTP) at the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services. Engineers at the OWWTP determined that the plans did not comply with the Missouri Minimum Construction Standards for Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems. Mr. Hicks abandoned the project after his proposed plans were rejected. In the summer of 2013, Mr. Hicks on behalf of Advanced Septic Technologies undertook work on planning a septic system at a residence in Raymore, Missouri. Mr. Hicks maintained all contact with the client, reviewed the property, obtained a soil morphology study, and drafted plans for a waste water treatment system. The plans were drafted by Mr. Hicks, not at Mr. Quick's place of business, and were reviewed by Mr. Quick after they were completed. Mr. Hicks contracted with Mr. Quick to review plans he had prepared. Mr. Hicks brought the plans to Mr. Quick, who conducted a desk review, placed his seal on the plans and signed them on December 22, 2014. The plans contained a title block with the name and address of Advanced Septic Technologies but did not list Mr. Quick's contact and licensure and other information. Mr. Quick did not visit the property, speak with the client, or independently verify the information on which the plans were prepared. After Mr. Quick sealed the plans, Mr. Hicks submitted them to the Cass County Environmental Health and Zoning Department for approval. The Cass County Department reviewed the plans and consulted with OWWTP. Engineers at the OWWTP determined that the plans did not comply with the Missouri Minimum Construction Standards for Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems. Mr. Quick had no further involvement with the project after sealing the plans prepared by Mr. Hicks.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to discipline Mr. Quick's Professional Engineering license under Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with Settlement. Thereafter on November 8, 2017, Mr. Quick signed a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board agreeing to his Professional Engineering license number PE-22540 being placed on probation for a period of one year commencing on March 30, 2018 and ending on March 29, 2019. In addition, the Board imposed a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,500 against Mr. Quick. The civil penalty shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on Mr. Quick, it considered the deterrent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by Mr. Quick, and the interests to the public. Within 60 days of the date of the Settlement Agreement, Mr. Quick shall issue a cashier's check or money order in the amount of \$1,500 made payable to Steve Cheslik, Cass County Treasurer, Cass County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. On or about April 10, 2018, the Board received a trust account check in the amount of \$1,500 for the civil penalties from Robert E. Quick. On April 10, 2018, the Board mailed the \$1,500 trust account check to Steve Cheslik, Treasurer for Cass County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund.

CIVIL PENALTY

BUILDING ENVELOPE CONSULTANTS, LTD., A-2018000382

Waukesha, Wisconsin

Summary: From at least June 29, 2005 until the date of filing its application for a certificate of authority, December 19, 2017, Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. offered and provided architectural services without having a corporate certificate of authority from the Missouri Board to offer or provide such services. On June 29, 2005, Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. filed an application for a certificate of authority for a foreign for-profit corporation with the Missouri Secretary of State. In the application, Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. stated that the specific purpose of its business in Missouri is "to provide architectural and/or engineering to casualty insurance companies, school districts, and private business owners." On April 1, 2008, Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. was granted a certificate of authority as an engineering corporation in Missouri. By letter dated March 26, 2008, addressed to Donald P. Lomax, Managing Agent, the Executive Director of the Board advised Mr. Lomax that Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. must apply for a certificate of authority as an architectural corporation in Missouri, as its filing with the Secretary of State expressed intent to provide architectural services. Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. neither amended its statement of purpose nor filed for a certificate of authority as an architectural corporation between March 26, 2008 and December 19, 2017. On December 19, 2017, Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. filed an application with the Board for a certificate of authority to practice as an architectural corporation in the state of Missouri.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd.'s application for an architectural certificate of authority pursuant to Section 327.441.2(5), RSMo, by incompetency, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and



currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of Building Envelope Consultants, LTD.'s application for an architectural certificate of authority, the Board authorized a probated license to be issued to Building Envelope Consultants, LTD. Thereafter on January 4, 2018, the Board issued an Order to Building Envelope Consultants, LTD. to pay \$800 in civil penalties, which shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on Building Envelope Consultants, LTD., it considered the deterrent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by Building Envelope Consultants, LTD., and the interests to the public. Within 60 days of the date of the Order, Building Envelope Consultants, LTD. shall issue a cashier's check or money order in the amount of \$800 made payable to Eric Peters, Cole County Treasurer, Cole County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. Upon payment of the civil penalties, the certificate of authority shall be considered in good standing. On or about February 5, 2018, the Board received a cashier's check in the amount of \$800 for the civil penalties from Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd. On February 5, 2018, the Board mailed the \$800 cashier's check to Eric Peters, Cole County Treasurer, Cole County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. Building Envelope Consultants, Ltd.'s architectural certificate of authority, number A-2018000382 is now considered in good standing.

QUANTA TECHNOLOGY, LLC, E-2018000761

Raleigh, North Carolina

Summary: On September 7, 2017, Quanta Technology, LLC submitted a proposal to perform an Independent Distribution Study for the Southwest Region of Columbia, Missouri, to the Columbia Missouri Water and Light Department. The proposal included services which constitute professional engineering as defined in Section 327.181, RSMo. On January 4, 2018, Quanta Technology, LLC filed an application with the Missouri Board for a certificate of authority to provide professional engineering services in the state of Missouri.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny Quanta Technology, LLC's application for an engineering certificate of authority pursuant to Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of Quanta Technology, LLC's application for an engineering certificate of authority, the Board authorized a probated license to be issued to Quanta Technology, LLC. Thereafter on January 8, 2018, the Board issued an Order requiring Quanta Technology, LLC to pay \$500 in civil penalties, to be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on Quanta Technology, LLC, it considered the deterrent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by Quanta Technology, LLC, and the interests to the public. On or about January 12, 2018, the Board received a cashier's check in the amount of \$500 for the civil penalties from Quanta Technology, LLC. On January 12, 2018, the Board mailed the \$500 cashier's check to Tom



Darrough, Treasurer of Boone County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. Quanta Technology, LLC's engineering certificate of authority, number E-2018000761 is now considered in good standing.

A & A ENGINEERING, CIVIL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS, LLC, E-2018000866

Toledo, Ohio

Summary: A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC maintains a website at www.aa.engineers.com. This website includes a page entitled "Where We Are Licensed," at which it lists states where the company is or claims to be licensed. On the "Where We Are Licensed" page, the company states that it is licensed in Missouri, with the license number PE-2003005431. The company did not hold a certificate of authority as an engineering corporation prior to the date of the application, which was January 2, 2018. License number PE-2003005431 is the individual license number of Omar A. Abu-Yasein, PE, principal of A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC's. On January 2, 2018, A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC filed an application with the Board for a certificate of authority to provide professional engineering services in the state of Missouri.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC's application for an engineering certificate of authority pursuant to Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC's application for an engineering certificate of authority, the Board authorized a probated license to be issued requiring A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC. Thereafter on January 9, 2018, the Board issued an Order to A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC to pay \$500 in civil penalties, to be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC, it considered the deterrent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC, and the interests to the public. On or about January 19, 2018, the Board received a cashier's check in the amount of \$500 for the civil penalties from A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC. On January 19, 2018, the Board mailed the \$500 cashier's check Michelle McBride, St. Charles County Collector of Revenue, St. Charles County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. A & A Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineers, LLC's engineering certificate of authority, number E-2018000866, is now considered in good standing.

**JOSEPH CONSULTING ENGINEERS, LLC, E-2017040776**

Overland Park, Kansas

Summary: The Board received information that Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC, through its proprietor Brock Joseph Centlivre, a professional engineer licensed in Missouri, accepted and performed professional engineering work designing heating, air conditioning, and ventilation engineering systems for a company which is an unlicensed HVAC contractor, specifically for a church project in Blue Springs, Missouri, dated July 19, 2017, at a time when Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC did not hold a certificate of authority to perform professional engineering services in the state of Missouri. Thereafter, on October 23, 2017, Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC filed an application with the Board for a certificate of authority to provide professional engineering services in the state of Missouri.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC's application for an engineering certificate of authority pursuant to Section 327.441.2(5), RSMo, by incompetency, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC's application for an engineering certificate of authority, the Board authorized a probated license to be issued to Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC. Thereafter on November 17, 2017, the Board issued an Order to Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC to pay \$500 in civil penalties payable to the Jackson County, Missouri, Department of Finance and Purchasing, Attention Mark Troson, Acting Director, for payment to the county school fund. On December 26, 2017, the Board received a cashier's check in the amount of \$500 for the civil penalties from Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC. On January 4, 2018, the Board mailed the \$500 cashier's check to Mark Troson, Acting Director of Finance & Purchasing, Jackson County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. Joseph Consulting Engineers, LLC's engineering certificate of authority, number E-2017040776 is now considered in good standing.

GATEWAY DESIGN STUDIO, LLC, LA-2018004102

St. Louis, Missouri

Summary: On September 18, 2012, Gateway Design Studio, Inc. was incorporated with the Missouri Secretary of State with R. Patrick Worzer listed as an incorporator. The statement of purpose for Gateway Design Studio, Inc. was for providing "professional planning, engineering and landscape architectural services to public and private clients." On February 22, 2016, the company was converted from a corporation to a limited liability company and was named Gateway Design Studio, LLC with R. Patrick Worzer listed as its Registered Agent. The limited liability company is currently active. The statement of purposes for Gateway Design Studio, LLC lists "Planning and Landscape Architecture services." On January 8, 2018, Gateway Design Studio, LLC filed an application with the Board for a certificate of authority to provide Landscape Architectural services in the state of Missouri. Prior to that date Gateway Design Studio, LLC did not hold a certificate of authority to practice professional engineering or landscape architecture.



Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny Gateway Design Studio, LLC's application for a professional landscape architecture certificate of authority pursuant to Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of Gateway Design Studio, LLC's application for a professional landscape architecture certificate of authority, the Board authorized a probated license to be issued to Gateway Design Studio, LLC. On February 5, 2018, the Board issued an Order requiring Gateway Design Studio, LLC to pay \$500 in civil penalties, to be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on Gateway Design Studio, LLC, it considered the deterrent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by Gateway Design Studio, LLC, and the interests to the public. On or about February 22, 2018, the Board received a cashier's check in the amount of \$500 for the civil penalties from Gateway Design Studio, LLC. On February 5, 2018, the Board mailed the \$500 cashier's check to Andrew Durket, Treasurer for St. Louis County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. Gateway Design Studio, LLC's landscape architectural certificate of authority, number LA-2018004102 is now considered in good standing.

PLAID COLLABORATIVE, LLC, LA-2018006721

Kansas City, Missouri

Summary: PLAID Collaborative, LLC filed its registration with the Missouri Secretary of State as an active foreign limited liability company on May 28, 2015, listing in its purpose statement "Professional design services, planning, landscape architecture, industrial design." On its website, www.workwithplaid.com, PLAID Collaborative, LLC advertises that it "offers planning, landscape architecture, and industrial design services." PLAID Collaborative, LLC has performed landscape architecture work in the state of Missouri. On February 20, 2018, PLAID Collaborative, LLC filed an application with the Board for a certificate of authority to provide landscape architectural services in the state of Missouri.

Cause for Discipline: Cause exists for the Board to deny PLAID Collaborative, LLC's application for a landscape architectural certificate of authority pursuant to Section 327.441.2(6), RSMo, by violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter; and, Section 327.441.2(10), RSMo, by assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not licensed and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter.

Board Action: In lieu of denial of PLAID Collaborative, LLC's application for a landscape architectural certificate of authority, the Board authorized a probated license to be issued to PLAID Collaborative, LLC. On February 5, 2018, the Board issued an Order requiring PLAID Collaborative, LLC to pay \$500 in civil penalties, to be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on PLAID Collaborative, LLC, it considered the deterrent affect the penalty



would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by PLAID Collaborative, LLC, and the interests to the public. Within 60 days of the date of the Order, PLAID Collaborative, LLC shall issue a cashier's check or money order in the amount of \$500 made payable to the Eric Peters, Treasurer of Cole County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. Upon payment of the civil penalties, the certificate of authority shall be considered in good standing. On or about April 23, 2018, the Board received an official check in the amount of \$500 for the civil penalties from PLAID Collaborative, LLC. On April 23, 2018, the Board mailed the \$500 check to Eric Peters, Treasurer for Cole County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. PLAID Collaborative, LLC's landscape architectural certificate of authority, number LA-2018006721, is now considered in good standing.

BOWMAN, ROBERT C., NOT LICENSED

Forest Park, Illinois

Summary: Mr. Bowman is not a licensed architect in the state of Missouri, but is licensed in the state of Illinois. Mr. Bowman is a sole proprietor of a company named RC Bowman Architecture, which is not incorporated and does not hold a certificate of authority as an architectural company in Missouri or Illinois. Mr. Bowman is a W-2 employee of the Napleton Group, a company based in Illinois that operates automobile dealerships in several states, including Missouri. In his employment by the Napleton Group, Mr. Bowman works as a project and construction manager. The terms of his employment with the Napleton Group do not require architectural licensure. To the extent that Mr. Bowman performs architectural work on behalf of the Napleton Group, he does so under his sole proprietorship as an architect. A majority of Mr. Bowman's work is performed for and on behalf of the Napleton Group, but he has other clients in his architectural practice. In the spring of 2015, the Napleton Group initiated an exterior remodel of a dealership located in St. Peters, Missouri. During the project startup, the Napleton Group received information that the City of St. Peters might accept permit drawings containing the seal of an Illinois licensed professional. Mr. Bowman inquired with the City of St. Peters and was told that his seal would be accepted. On October 29, 2015, using his Illinois architectural seal, Mr. Bowman drafted and sealed architectural plans for the dealership renovation. The plans sealed by Mr. Bowman were submitted to local building authorities for approval. The plans Mr. Bowman sealed contained a title block listing contact information for RC Bowman Architecture. Mr. Bowman included a cover letter with the submittal which pointed out that he was relying on his Illinois licensure. The City of St. Peter's accepted, reviewed and issued a permit on the submittal for the dealership. On June 24, 2016, using his Illinois architectural seal, Mr. Bowman sealed a set of architectural plans for a renovation project on a dealership located in St. Peters, Missouri. Mr. Bowman relied on the prior acceptance of his plans for the dealership in his decision to submit the plans for the dealership. Mr. Bowman included with the submittal a cover letter pointing out that he relied on his Illinois licensure. The plans sealed by Mr. Bowman were submitted to local building authorities for approval. The City of St. Peters Building Department contacted Mr. Bowman requesting he issue them drawings sealed by a Missouri licensed professional. He stated this was not possible as it constitutes plan stamping. Mr. Bowman then called the Missouri Board office and discussed the issue with the Board's Investigator. On September 9, 2016, Roger Stewart, Building Commissioner and Chief Building Officer for the City of St. Peters, Missouri sent Mr. Bowman a letter apologizing for the miscommunication he received from his office. Mr. Stewart asked Mr. Bowman to re-submit architectural plans with the appropriate state of Missouri architectural



seal and certificate of authority.

Cause for Discipline: By affixing his Illinois seal to technical documents for two projects in Missouri, where he was not licensed, Mr. Bowman practiced architecture in Missouri without a license to do so, which is in violation of Section 327.076.2(1) and (2), and 327.101, RSMo. Due to the violation of Section 327.076.2(1), RSMo, the Board has cause to impose a civil penalty under the terms of Section 327.077, RSMo.

Board Action: The Board authorized its Litigation Counsel to proceed with settlement. Thereafter, on October 5, 2017, Robert C. Bowman entered into a Settlement Agreement with the Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors, and Professional Landscape Architects. In the Settlement Agreement, Robert C. Bowman agreed to pay \$1,000 in civil penalties. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on Robert C. Bowman, it considered the deterrent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by Robert C. Bowman, and the interests to the public. On or about December 13, 2017, the Board received a cashier's check in the amount of \$1,000 for the civil penalties from Robert C. Bowman. On December 13, 2017, the Board mailed the \$1,000 cashier's check to Michelle D. McBride, St. Charles County Collector of Revenue, St. Charles, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. As a part of the Settlement Agreement, Robert C. Bowman agreed to cease and desist all architectural activity and advertisement in the state of Missouri until he obtains a license to practice architecture from the Board.

HENSLEY, BRUCE (not licensed)

St. Peters, Missouri

Summary: The Board received information that in or about November 2013, Mr. Hensley was hired by a contractor to prepare drawings of existing conditions in connection with beauty salon alternations for a business in Creve Coeur, Missouri. After the initial engagement, part of the purpose for which Mr. Hensley was ultimately hired was to engage an architect or engineer to design a ventilation system for the salon's manicure and pedicure chairs. To design the ventilation system, Mr. Hensley hired Daryll Yahl, a licensed architect. Mr. Yahl sketched a ventilation system by hand and gave the drawings to Mr. Hensley, who produced two CAD documents labeled as "A-1" and "A-2." Documents "A-1" and "A-2" were filed by the contractor with the City of Creve Coeur Building Division for the purpose of obtaining an inspection for building code compliance. The documents filed with the City of Creve Coeur included a title block listing JB Designs, Inc. in the space for licensee, and bearing the signed seal of Daryll Yahl. The application filed by the contractor listed "JB Designs" as the "Architect/Engineer" on the project.

Cause for Discipline: Mr. Hensley does not stipulate that this conduct constitutes the practice of architecture or professional engineering on the part of Mr. Hensley or JB Designs, but concedes that the Administrative Hearing Commission could so find on the facts stipulated above, and that if it did, that finding would meet the standard of judicial review set forth in Section 536.140.1, RSMo.

Board Action: On March 12, 2018, the Board entered into a Settlement Agreement between the Missouri Board and Bruce Hensley. In the Settlement Agreement, Mr. Hensley agreed to pay \$1,250 in civil penalties, which shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of article IX of the Missouri Constitution. In determining the amount the Board decided to impose on Bruce Hensley it considered the deter-

rent affect the penalty would have, the circumstances that led to the violations, the severity of the violation and risk to the public, the economic benefits gained by Bruce Hensley, and the interests to the public. Within 60 days of the date of the Order, Bruce Hensley shall issue a cashier's check or money order in the amount of \$1,250 made payable to Andrew Durket, St. Louis County Treasurer, St. Louis County, Missouri, for payment to the county school fund. In addition, Mr. Hensley agreed that he will not violate Missouri law by engaging in architectural or engineering design. The settlement agreement provides that Mr. Hensley may prepare technical documents on behalf of and under the immediate personal supervision of a licensed architect or professional engineer, provided that the title block shows the contract information for the licensed professional as indicated in Exhibit A, which is attached to the Settlement Agreement. All designs shall reflect that the architect or professional engineer is the professional in responsible charge.

HOUSE BILL 600 SUSPENSION

BASS, MAURICE, PE-2017010245

Kansas City, Missouri

Summary and Board Action: Mr. Bass's professional engineering license was suspended pursuant to Section 324.010, RSMo, from January 14, 2018 until March 21, 2018.





CEU/PDH/PDU CERTIFICATE

Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors and Professional Landscape Architects

NAME OF SPONSOR

This is to certify that the person named below has earned .5 CEU for Architects and Professional Landscape Architects, .5 PDH for Professional Engineers, and .5 PDU for Professional Land Surveyors by thoroughly reading the Spring/Summer 2018 edition of the Missouri Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors and Professional Landscape Architects' newsletter entitled, *Dimensions*.

NAME OF PARTICIPANT

ATTESTATION: I attest, by the responses recorded below, my signature, and on my professional honor, that I have personally read and am familiar with the Spring/Summer 2018 edition of the Board's newsletter entitled, "*Dimensions*."

Please record your answers to the below questions, along with the page numbers on which you found the answers, in the blanks provided:

1. Are incidents of discipline against Board licensees trending up or down?
2. Does a court reviewing a Board decision determine whether the Board made the same decision the Court would?
3. I am licensed in Missouri, but my company is not. Can I list my company address in the title block?
4. Have annual renewal fees gone up or down over the last decade?
5. We are moving to a new office suite. Can I wait until my next renewal to change my address with the Board?

SIGNATURE OF LICENSEE

DATE

LICENSE NUMBER

NOTE: If you claim credit for reading the newsletter and are audited, you will be required to produce this completed certificate as documentation. Therefore, you are to print and keep a copy of this completed certificate in your file with your other supporting documentation. This credit does not count toward your HSW quota.